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NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM. JAMES RIVER BASIN. SUGAR HOLLOW (I--ETC(U)
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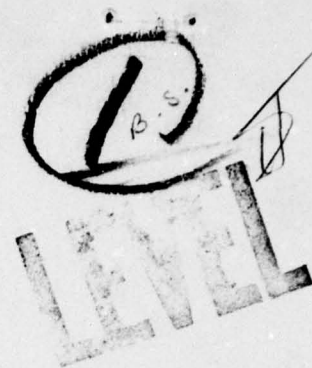
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JAMES RIVER BASIN

Name of Dam: Sugar Hollow

Location: Albemarle County, State of Virginia

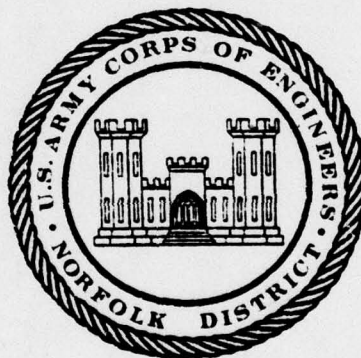
Inventory Number: VA 00303



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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

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PREPARED FOR
NORFOLK DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS
803 FRONT STREET
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA 23510

PREPARED BY
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SEPTEMBER 1978


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20. Abstract

Pursuant to Public Law 92-367, Phase I Inspection Reports are prepared under guidance contained in the recommended guidelines for safety inspection of dams, published by the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D. C. / 20314. The purpose of a Phase I investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general conditions of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

Based upon the field conditions at the time of the field inspection and all available engineering data, the Phase I report addresses the hydraulic, hydrologic, geologic, geotechnic, and structural aspects of the dam. The engineering techniques employed give a reasonably accurate assessment of the conditions of the dam. It should be realized that certain engineering aspects cannot be fully analyzed during a Phase I inspection. Assessment and remedial measures in the report include the requirements of additional indepth study when necessary.

Phase I reports include project information of the dam and appurtenances, all existing engineering data, operational procedures, hydraulic/hydrologic data of the watershed, dam stability, visual inspection report and an assessment including required remedial measures.



PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

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NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam: Sugar Hollow
State: Virginia
County: Albemarle
Stream: Moormans River
Date of Inspection: 25 July 1978

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BRIEF ASSESSMENT OF DAM

Sugar Hollow Dam is a gated concrete gravity structure, approximately 77 feet high and 480 feet long. The dam is owned and operated by the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority for the water supply of the City of Charlottesville.

The gated spillway will pass 18 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood when closed, 62 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood when opened, and 80 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood with the gates removed. Therefore, the spillway is inadequate. Structural calculations indicate that the dam meets the stability requirements of the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams with respect to overturning and sliding for the Probable Maximum Flood and normal pool conditions.

The owner should immediately conduct a detailed assessment of spillway capacity to pass the Probable Maximum Flood. This assessment should include the possibility of removing the spillway gates as well as other measures. Remedial work that can be performed as part of the annual maintenance program should include: monitoring clear minor seepage areas during higher reservoir levels, cleaning mud and debris from the drainage gallery, clearing plugged foundation drains, operating the lift gates to check for proper functioning, and repairing erosion on the left upstream shoreline.

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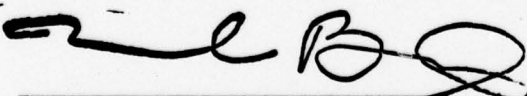
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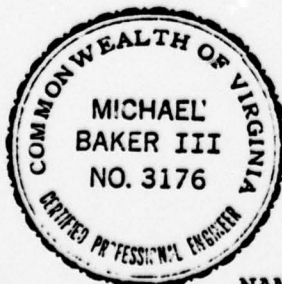
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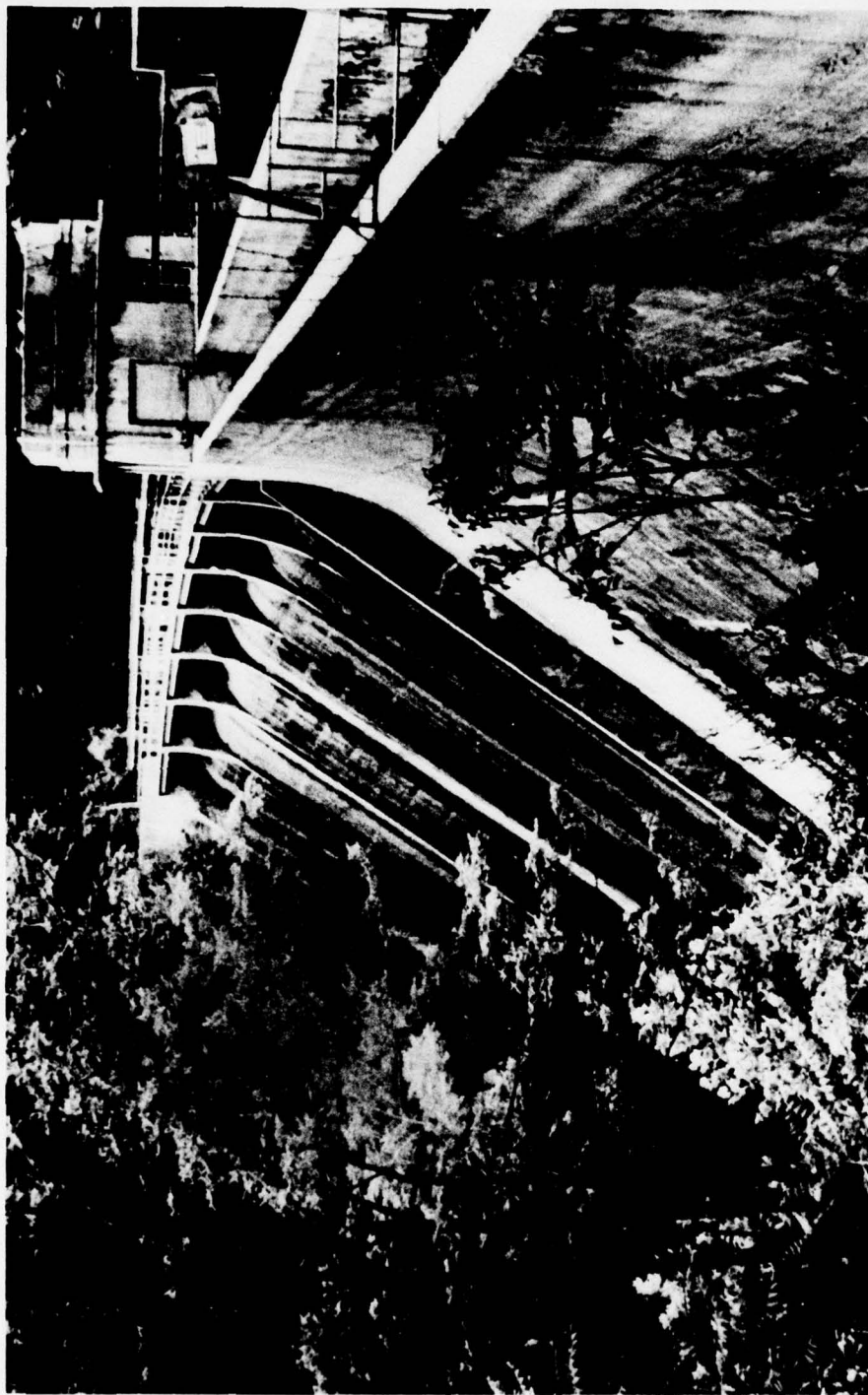
Douglas L. Haller

Douglas L. Haller
Colonel, Corps of Engineers
District Engineer

Date: SEP 28 1978 SEP 28 1978



NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW



OVERALL VIEW OF DAM

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM
NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW ID# VA 00303

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

- 1.1.1 Authority: Public Law 92-367, 8 August 1972 authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers to initiate a national program of safety inspections of dams throughout the United States. The Norfolk District has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams in the Commonwealth of Virginia.
- 1.1.2 Purpose of Inspection: The purpose is to conduct a Phase I inspection according to the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams. The main responsibility is to expeditiously identify those dams which may be a potential hazard to human life or property.

1.2 Description of Project

- 1.2.1 Description of Dam and Appurtenances: Sugar Hollow Dam, also known as Moormans River Storage Dam, is a concrete gravity structure 480 feet long, as measured along the upstream arc. The 480 feet length consists of a 225 feet spillway, a 100.5 feet south bulkhead, and a 154.5 feet north bulkhead (see Plates 1 and 2). The maximum height of the dam is 77 feet. A drainage gallery extends from abutment to abutment with 3.5 inch diameter pipe foundation drains spaced at regular intervals throughout the gallery. The drains were observed during the inspection (see Plate 3).

A stilling pool located at the toe of the dam is impounded by a seven feet high concrete overflow dam (see Photo 3).

To the left of the stilling pool at the toe of the dam is a 30 inch diameter blow off pipe and a 24 inch diameter water supply main which exits from the gallery tunnel and traverses the left bank of the downstream channel (see Plate 5).

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NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

The spillway is of the gated crest type with eight gates approximately 25 feet long and five feet high. The individual gates are raised or lowered by a single electric motor driven gate hoist. The hoist is mounted on rails extending across the entire length of the spillway to permit access to each gate.

The intake tower is located adjacent to the left end of the spillway.

- 1.2.2 Location: Sugar Hollow Dam is located on Moormans River approximately five miles upstream from the Town of Whitehall, Virginia (population 55) and approximately 18.2 miles northwest of Charlottesville, Virginia (population 32,000). Camp Sugar Hollow, a summer camp for girl scouts, is located approximately 1.1 miles downstream from the dam and is occupied on a seasonal basis. The operator's residence for this dam is located several hundred feet downstream. A Location Plan is included in this report.
- 1.2.3 Size Classification: The maximum height of the dam is 77 feet. The reservoir volume to the gated spillway crest is 1667 acre-feet. Therefore, the dam is in the "intermediate" size category as defined by the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams.
- 1.2.4 Hazard Classification: Due to the proximity of the Town of Whitehall, Virginia with a population of 55, the Girl Scout camp 1.1 miles downstream, and the dam operator's residence; many lives could be lost in the event of failure of the dam. Therefore the dam is considered in the "high" hazard category as defined by Section 2.1.2 of the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams. The hazard classification used to categorize dams is a function of location only and has nothing to do with its stability or probability of failure.
- 1.2.5 Ownership: The Sugar Hollow Dam is owned by the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority, Charlottesville, Virginia.
- 1.2.6 Purpose of Dam: The dam is used for water supply to the City of Charlottesville, Virginia. There is also limited recreational fishing on the reservoir.

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

1.2.7 Design and Construction History: The existing facility was designed for the owner by Mr. Edward W. Saunders, Consulting Engineer, Charlottesville, Virginia in January 1946. The core borings were made in December 1944 and January 1945 by Mott Drilling Company, Huntingdon, West Virginia. The construction was done by Faulconer Construction Co. in 1950. No known construction has been undertaken since the dam was built.

1.2.8 Normal Operational Procedures: The reservoir is normally operated with pool level at the top of the spillway crest gates, elevation 975.0. Two 18 inch diameter intake pipes with invert elevations of 936.22 and 962.72 are located on the upstream face of the intake tower. Intakes connect to a 24 inch diameter waterline with invert elevation 913.79 which supplies the City of Charlottesville. A 30 inch diameter blow off line is located within the intake tower and has an invert elevation of 913.17.

There is no formal maintenance schedule at the dam site. However, there is a resident dam operator.

1.3 Pertinent Data

1.3.1 Drainage Area: The drainage area of Sugar Hollow Dam is approximately 17.2 square miles.

1.3.2 Discharge at Dam Site: The maximum flood at the dam site is not known.

Gated Spillway

Pool level at top of dam

Gates closed.	5288 c.f.s.
Gates opened.	17,928 c.f.s.
Gates removed	23,240 c.f.s.

1.3.3 Dam and Reservoir Data: Pertinent data on the dam and reservoir are shown in the following table:

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

TABLE 1.1 DAM AND RESERVOIR DATA

Item	Elevation feet M.S.L.	Reservoir			
		Area acres (a)	Acre- feet (a)	Capacity	
				Watershed inches (b)	Length feet
Top of dam	980.0	53	1590	1.7	-
Gated spillway crest (c)	970.0	45	1105	1.2	2600
(d)	975.0	48	1320	1.4	-
Streambed at center- line of dam	915±	-	-	-	-

- (a) Total area and storage.
 (b) Based on 17.2 square miles.
 (c) Crest gates opened.
 (d) Crest gates closed.

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design: The design data reviewed included the following:

- 1) Photocopies of the design plans prepared by Saunders and Wheeler Consulting Engineers in 1946 and furnished by the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority (Plates 1 through 5).
- 2) Core borings performed by Mott Core Drilling Company in 1944 and 1945 (Appendix V).
- 3) Storage graphs were prepared by Polglaze and Basenberg Engineers, 1959.

No structural design calculations were available.

2.2 Construction: The construction of the dam was completed by Faulconer Construction Co. in 1950. Construction photos were taken and are available at the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority's office.

2.3 Operation: The dam is operated and maintained by the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority as part of its water supply system. There is a full time dam operator; however, no formal records of operation were available.

2.4 Evaluation

2.4.1 Design: The drawings provided by the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority were adequate to review the design of the Sugar Hollow Dam. Although structural design calculations were not available, the layout and general dimensions of the dam did not indicate any obvious design deficiencies.

2.4.2 Construction: There were no as-built plans or concrete cylinder test results provided to adequately assess the quality of work performed. The design drawings were checked against the as-built conditions, and there appeared to be little or no deviation between the two.

2.4.3 Operation: Based on the visual inspection and the review of the design plans, the operation of the water supply facility by full time personnel is adequate.

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

3.1.1 General: The dam and its appurtenant structures were found to be in good overall condition at the time of the inspection. The problems noted during the visual inspection of the dam do not require immediate remedial treatment but should be corrected as a part of a regular maintenance schedule. Noteworthy deficiencies are described briefly in the following paragraphs. A complete visual inspection check list is given in Appendix III.

3.1.2 Dam: Generally, all concrete structures appeared to be in good condition. However, minor spalling of the spillway beneath the main overflow section was observed.

Evidence of spalling, cracking and seepage was observed on the downstream face of the left non-overflow section. Clear seepage was observed at the construction joints. Vegetation was observed to be growing on the downstream face of the left non-overflow section.

The original intake dam which is now being used to impound the stilling basin is in fair condition. Spalled and cracked areas were noted sporadically along the crest of the small dam. Eroded areas in the concrete face were also noted with flow present in these areas (see Photo 3).

Although the dam was grouted during construction, active seepage is present in the left abutment area near the toe of the dam adjacent to the 24 inch water supply line for a distance of approximately 40 feet in the downstream direction. Drainage was present from a four inch terra-cotta drain. Drainage and clear seepage amounted to approximately three g.p.m., two-thirds of which was drainage from the terra-cotta pipe.

Within the gallery that extends through the dam, 3.5 inch foundation drains were present at regular intervals. The drains were full of water at the time of inspection. Water from the drains is collected by an overflow trough that extends the entire length of the

gallery. Water was present in the overflow trough (see Plate 3). Part of the drainage system appeared to be functioning properly. Some of the drains in the right end of the gallery were covered with mud and debris, and were not functioning.

Within the gallery, spalling was evident at construction joints along with moisture and calcite deposits. This was typical for all construction joints.

- 3.1.3 Appurtenant Structures: Some minor spalling and surface cracks were present on the intake tower and the walkway along the crest of the dam. Neoprene sealant had been "squeezed" out of the expansion joints along the crest; approximately one-fourth to one-half of an inch of expansion material is remaining. The crest gates were in good condition with no leakage present. It was reported during the time of inspection that the gates were not regularly operated. This was verified by the fact that the tracked gate hoist had a light coating of rust on the tracks and the hoist.
- 3.1.4 Reservoir Area: Evidence of erosion in the left abutment area upstream of the dam was observed at the time of inspection. No other areas of erosion were observed. Minor sedimentation of the reservoir was present in the upstream end.
- 3.1.5 Downstream Channel: The streambed of the downstream channel consists of boulders, cobbles and sandy gravel. Some granite is also exposed. The stream channel is heavily overgrown with ground cover, and the presence of small trees two to three years old was evident at the time of inspection.

3.2 Evaluation

- 3.2.1 Dam: The concrete in the spillway and right non-overflow area is in good condition and requires no further investigation. The concrete in the left non-overflow area adjacent to the main spillway shows evidence of clear seepage. The Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority should monitor these seepage areas.

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

The foundation drains in the gallery which have been plugged with mud and debris should be cleaned to prevent hydrostatic pressure build-up in the foundation.

The entrance to the gallery in the right non-overflow area allows infiltration of mud and debris. To prevent future accumulations of mud and debris, a drainage ditch should be built to channel the runoff and mud away from this entrance. The gallery should also be cleaned.

The clear seepage at the toe of the dam in the right non-overflow area (three g.p.m.) and at the left abutment area (one g.p.m.) does not appear to be a serious problem at the present time. However, the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority should also continue to monitor these seepage areas.

The outlet of the four inch terra-cotta drain should be uncovered, and a channel should be provided for flow. Also, the heavy growth should be cut.

- 3.2.2 Appurtenant Structures: The small original intake dam that is now impounding the stilling pool is cracking and spalling. At the present time, no detrimental effects to the stilling basin were observed. However, the condition should be observed in the future to insure that the deteriorated condition does not effect the efficiency of the stilling basin.

It was reported at the time of inspection and visually verified that the lift gates have not been operated for some time. It is recommended that regular operations of the lift gates' equipment be done to insure their working order.

- 3.2.3 Reservoir Area: The erosion of the left bank area 100 feet upstream of the dam should be controlled by placement of riprap to assure this erosion does not continue and eventually affect the stability in the left abutment area.

- 3.2.4 Downstream Channel: No further investigation is necessary.

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

- 4.1 Procedures: Operational procedures are generally discussed in paragraphs 1.2.8 and 2.3. The normal reservoir elevation of 975.0 is controlled by the gated primary spillway overflow.

The dam is controlled by a resident operator and visited by maintenance personnel from the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority.

Rapid emergency drawdown is controlled through the 30 inch diameter drawdown line (invert elevation of 913.17), which is located within the intake tower. The operating condition of the control valve for this line is unknown.

- 4.2 Maintenance of Dam: Because of its water supply function, the dam has an on site resident operator and is frequently visited by maintenance personnel. The dam is generally in good condition; except for minor spalling, cracking, clear seepage from some construction joints, and growth of vegetation.
- 4.3 Maintenance of Operating Facilities: Maintenance personnel of the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority operate the two slide gates for the 18 inch discharge pipes into the intake tower for the 24 inch water supply line. The spillway crest gates appear to be in good condition but they are not operated regularly.
- 4.4 Warning System: At the present time, there is no warning system or evacuation plan in operation. It is recommended that a formal emergency procedure be prepared, and prominently displayed and furnished to all operating personnel. This should include:
- 1) How to operate the dam during an emergency.
 - 2) Who to notify, including public officials, in case evacuation from the downstream area is necessary.
 - 3) Procedures for evaluating inflow during periods of emergency operation.
- 4.5 Evaluation: Maintenance of the dam by personnel of the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority is considered to be acceptable. However, the operating condition of the valve in the 30 inch drawdown line should be determined.

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

SECTION 5 - HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC DATA

- 5.1 Design: A stage versus storage curve, received from the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority, was the only design data available for use in the analyses of hydrologic and hydraulic conditions.
- 5.2 Hydrologic Records: Flood discharge information is available for the Whitehall stream gaging station from 1951 to date. The gage has a drainage area of 11.4 square miles and is located approximately 0.73 mile upstream of the dam on the North Fork Moormans River.
- 5.3 Flood Experience: No records are available.
- 5.4 Flood Potential: The flood potential of the dam was evaluated by routing various hydrographs as shown in Table 5.1.
- 5.5 Reservoir Regulation: Pertinent dam and reservoir data are shown in Table 1.1, paragraph 1.3.3.

Flow from the reservoir is regulated by eight crest gates, five feet high, 25.5 feet wide. Crest elevation with gates opened is 970.0, and with gates closed is elevation 975.0. With the exceptions of discharge through the lake drain and water supply pipes, all outflow from the reservoir passes through the gated spillway.

Outlet discharge capacity, reservoir area, and hydrograph and routing determinations were calculated as part of this report. The routing of the Probable Maximum Flood (P.M.F.), one-half P.M.F., and 100 year hydrographs began with the reservoir level at the spillway crest elevation 975.0 with the crest gates closed, at elevation 970.0 with the crest gates open, and at elevation 970.0 with the crest gates removed.

- 5.6 Overtopping Potential: The probable rise in the reservoir and other pertinent information on reservoir performance in various hydrographs are shown in the following table:

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

- 5.7 Reservoir Emptying Potential: The 30 inch cast-iron pipe entering at a low level below the spillway will permit withdrawal of about 163 c.f.s. with the reservoir level at the crest (elevation 970.0) and essentially dewater the reservoir in about five days.
- 5.8 Evaluation: Sugar Hollow Dam with an "intermediate" size-"high" hazard classification must pass a spillway design flood equal to the P.M.F. As shown in Table 5.1, the P.M.F. was routed and found to overtop the dam by an average depth of 1.8 feet with the crest gates open. The spillway passes the one-half P.M.F. with the gates open.

The P.M.F., one-half P.M.F., and 100 year flood were also routed with the gates closed, and all floods were found to overtop the dam. With the gates closed the spillway would pass 18 percent of the P.M.F. without overtopping. The spillway with the gates open will pass approximately 62 percent of P.M.F. With the gates completely removed, the spillway passes 80 percent of the P.M.F. Therefore, the spillway is inadequate.

It should be indicated that conclusions pertain to present day conditions, and that the effect of future development on the hydrology has not been considered.

SECTION 6 - DAM STABILITY

- 6.1 Foundation and Abutments: The structure is founded on hard granite. Joints with a dip between 80° to 90° were observed in localized rock exposures. Some moderately dipping cleavage planes were also observed. Selected pervious rockfill was placed adjacent to the downstream face of the dam with a silty sand and gravel cover. Upstream of the dam, selected impervious fill with a 1.5 feet cover of riprap was indicated on the design drawings. This was not visible at the time of inspection.

Both abutments were founded on hard jointed granite with joint dips ranging from 80° to 90° . Clear seepage was observed along portions of the cleavage plane sloping downstream from the toe of the dam in the left abutment area.

6.2 Stability Analysis

- 6.2.1 Visual Observations: No unusual misalignment or structural cracking was observed during the visual inspection. A small amount of clear seepage from the granite joints in the left abutment area was noted. In addition to the clear seepage from the abutment area, some clear seepage was observed to be coming from the horizontal and vertical construction joints in the left abutment area.

- 6.2.2 Design Data: Since there were no design calculations available, stability analyses were performed on a full section through the dam (see Appendix VI). The stability computations were made in accordance with Gravity Dam Design, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Manual EM 1110-2-2200, 23 November 1960 (including Change 2) and ETL 1110-2-184, February 1974.

Stability analyses were completed for three cases:

- I. Water level at normal pool (elevation 975.0) with ice load and normal tailwater of nine feet (the spillway gates were assumed to be closed).
- II. Water level 3.1 feet over top of dam elevation 980.0 with no ice load and tailwater at elevation 914.0. (The 3.1 feet height was based on the calculated P.M.F. elevation. The spillway crest gates were assumed to be completely opened.)

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

- II. Water level again 3.1 feet over top of dam elevation 980.0 with no ice load. (However, the tailwater was estimated to be at elevation 920.0, and the spillway crest gates were assumed to be completely opened.)

The results of the stability analyses show the resultant force is within the middle one-third of the base and a factor of safety against sliding that is well above that required. The high values of angle of internal friction ($\phi = 31^\circ$) and average shear strength ($S_u = 1825$ p.s.i.) of the quartz monzonite are primarily responsible for the very large factor of safety against sliding.

The $\frac{\Sigma H}{\Sigma V}$ for Case I normal conditions is 0.64 as compared to the allowable of 0.65.

The $\frac{\Sigma H}{\Sigma V}$ for Case II is 0.79 as compared to the allowable of 0.65. However the factor of safety against sliding is very large.

The $\frac{\Sigma H}{\Sigma V}$ for Case III is 0.81. However the factor of safety against sliding is again very large.

- 6.2.3 Operating Records: There is no instrumentation for indicating movement of the structure under prior maximum loading conditions.
- 6.2.4 Post-Construction Changes: No post-construction changes were observed.
- 6.3.5 Seismic Stability: The dam is located in Seismic Zone 2; therefore, the dam is considered to have no hazard from earthquakes provided static stability conditions are satisfactory and conventional safety margins exist.
- 6.3 Evaluation: Sugar Hollow Dam meets all stability requirements according to EM 1110-2-2200.

SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT/REMEDIAL MEASURES

- 7.1 Dam Assessment: Clear minor seepage and erosion were observed at Sugar Hollow Dam. The primary concern for Sugar Hollow Dam, however, is the spillway capacity. The spillway is gated and was evaluated for three operating conditions:

- 1) Gates closed.
- 2) Gates opened.
- 3) Gates removed.

With the gates closed, the spillway passes 18 percent of the P.M.F. With the gates opened, the spillway passes 62 percent of the P.M.F. With the gates removed, the spillway passes 80 percent of the P.M.F. Therefore, the spillway is inadequate.

The stability of Sugar Hollow Dam meets the criteria required by the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams for normal pool with ice load and during the P.M.F.

The Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority provided design drawings which were adequate to conduct a Phase I evaluation.

- 7.2 Recommended Remedial Measures: The inspection and subsequent hydrologic/hydraulic analyses revealed work which should be done immediately by the owner. This is to perform a detailed investigation of spillway capacity with the aim of increasing the capacity by possibly removing the lift gates and lowering the normal pool to the spillway crest.

Lower priority items which should be performed as part of the maintenance program are:

- 1) Monitor clear seepage near the 24 inch water supply line and in the right abutment for a possible increase in flow, especially during higher reservoir levels.
- 2) Clear the plugged foundation drains in the gallery and clear the entire gallery of mud and debris.
- 3) Uncover the outlet of the four inch terra-cotta drain, provide a channel for flow, and remove the heavy growth.

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

- 4) Check concrete in the intake dam of the stilling pool for progressive deterioration.
- 5) Annually operate the lift gates to assure proper functioning.
- 6) Repair erosion of the left upstream shoreline.
- 7) Divert surface runoff from the gallery entrance.
- 8) The operating condition of the valve in the 30 inch drawdown line should be determined.

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

APPENDIX I

PLATES

CONTENTS

Location Plan

Plate 1: General Plan of Dam

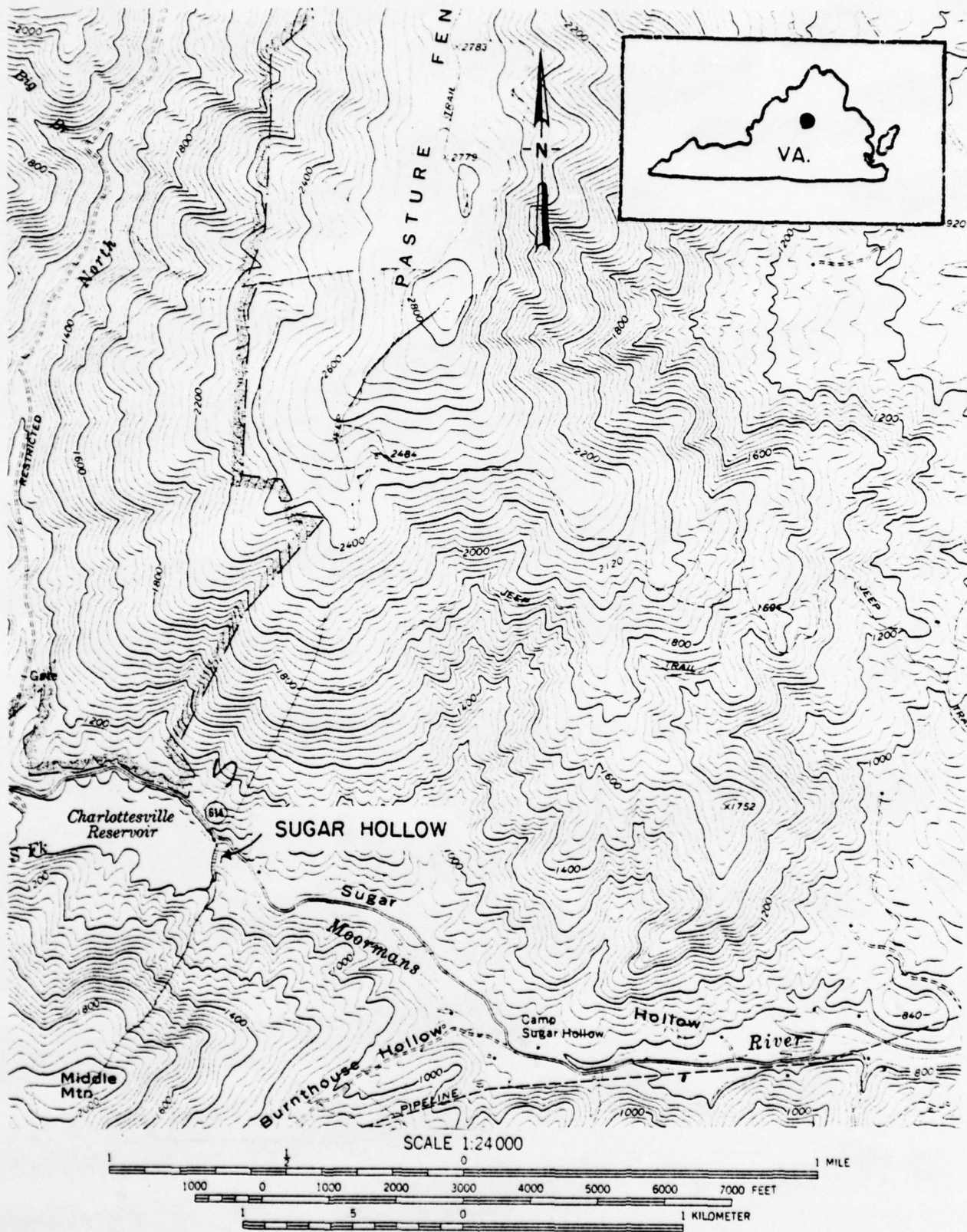
Plate 2: Elevation of Dam

Plate 3: Galleries, Drains and Grout Pipes

Plate 4: Sections, Construction Joints, Water Stops and
Spraywalls

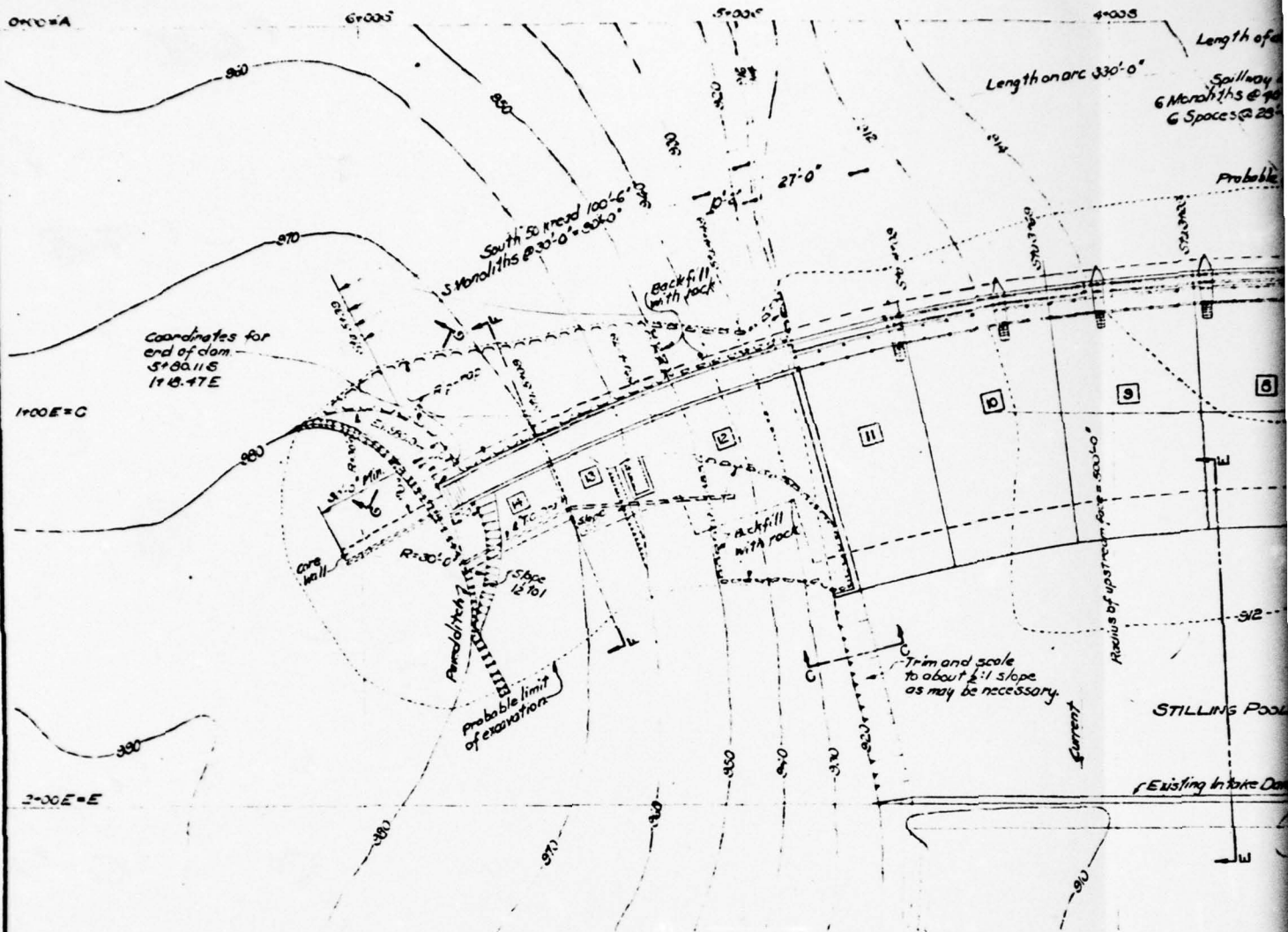
Plate 5: Details of Intake Tower

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW



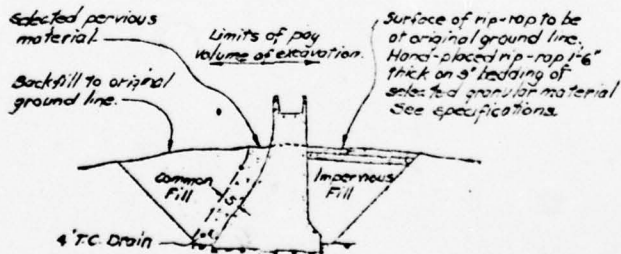
LOCATION PLAN
SUGAR HOLLOW

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Note: Coordinates of center of curvature:
 5+52.925
 5163.03 E

PLAN

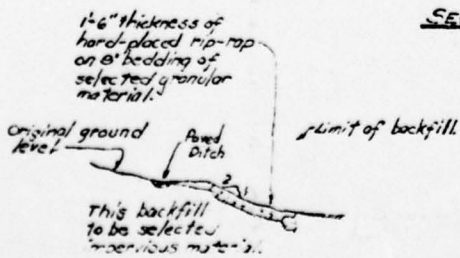


Orig. Ground
 Elev. 803.07

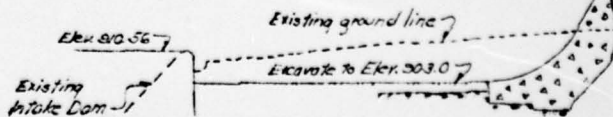
SECTION D-D

SECTION F-F

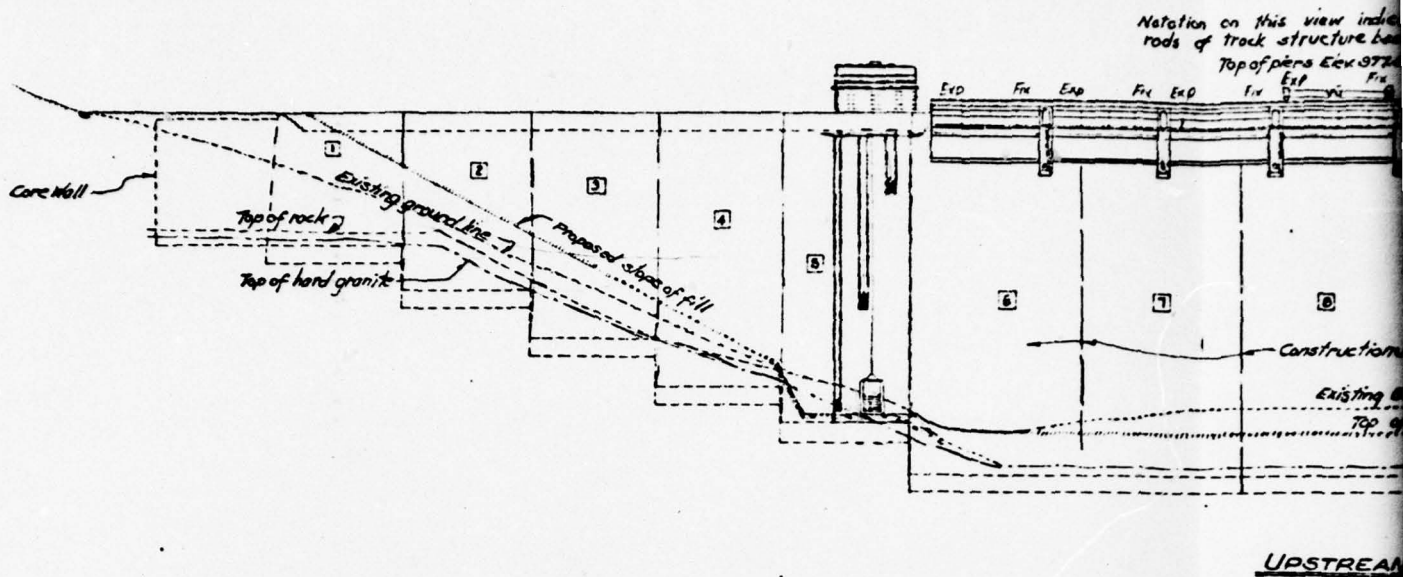
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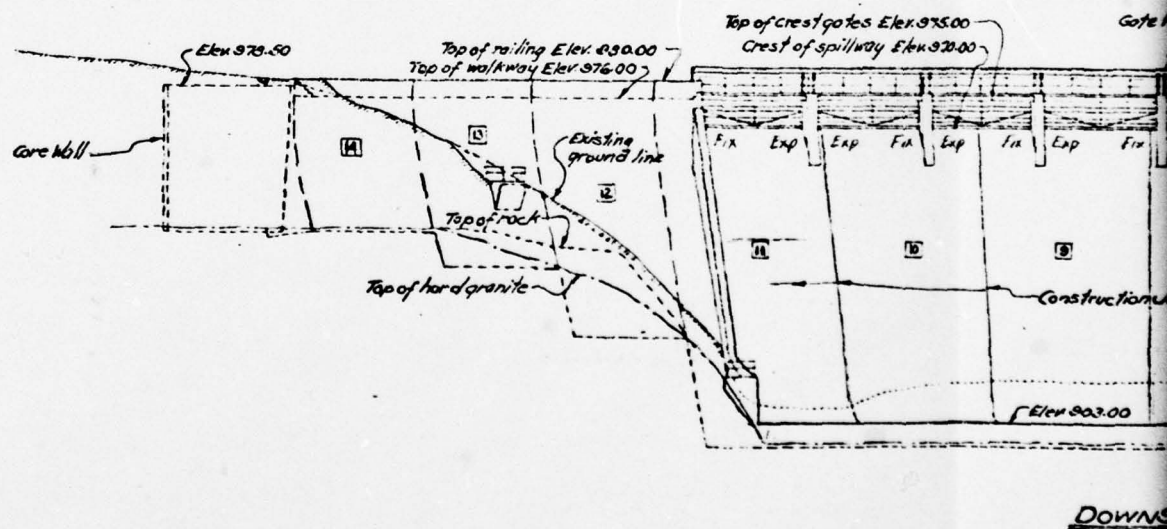
SECTION G-G



SECTION E-E
 THRU STILLING POOL



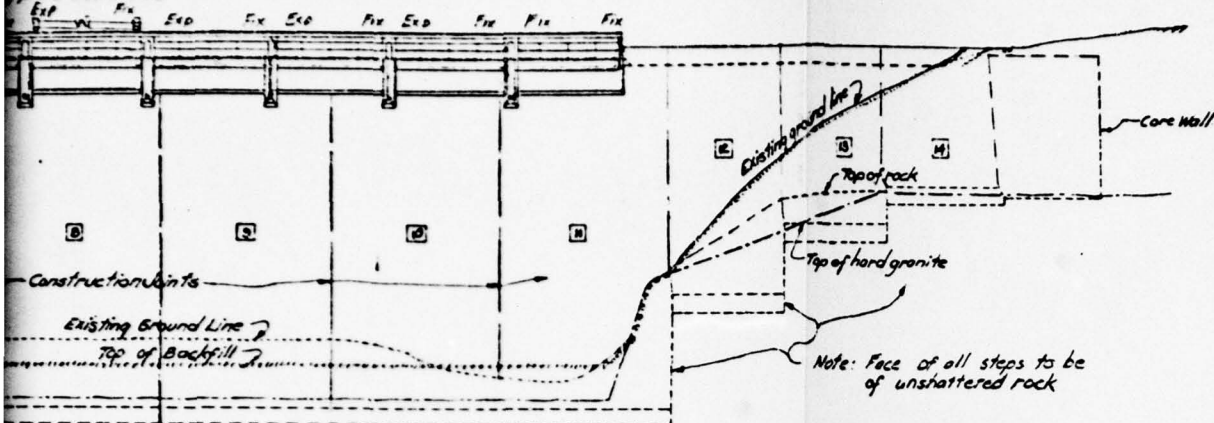
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Notation on this view indicates
 rods of track structure base

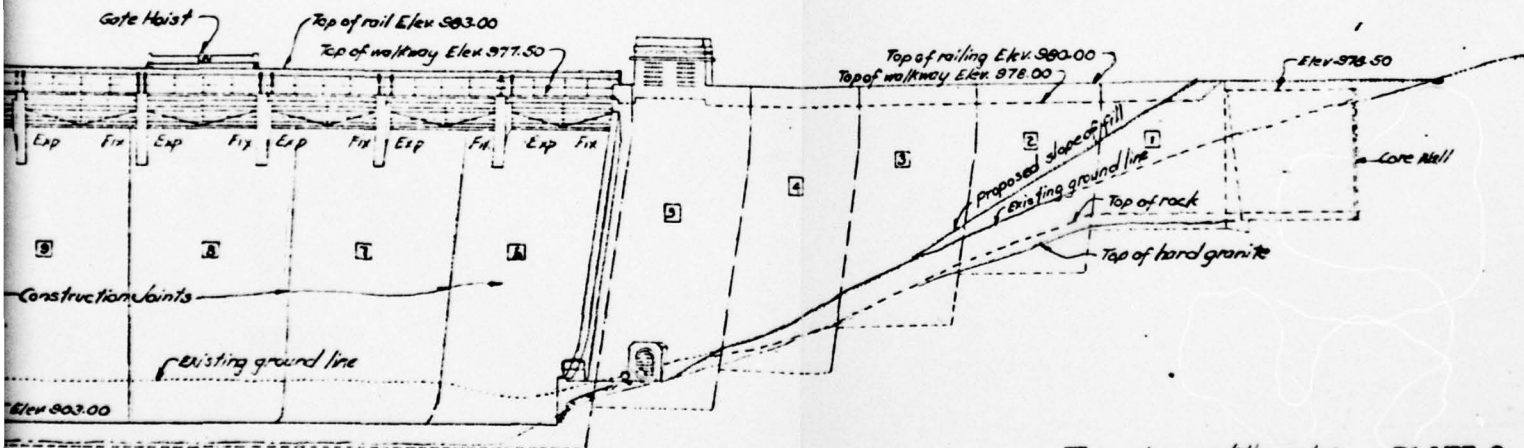
This view indicates fixed and expansion structure beams. See Sheet 15.

Elev 977.50



UPSTREAM ELEVATION

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DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION

This view indicates fixed and expansion ends of walkway beams. See Sheet 15.

E. W. SAUNDERS CONSULTING ENGINEER		F. W. WHEELER DESIGNING ENGINEER	
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA			
CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE			
ALBEMARLE COUNTY		VIRGINIA	
MOORMAN'S RIVER STORAGE DAM			
ELEVATIONS			
DRAWN BY	2. J. W. J.	SCALES	1"=20' 0"
TRACED BY			
CHECKED BY			
RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL		MANAGER	
BY	DATE	CHARACTER	APPROVED

2

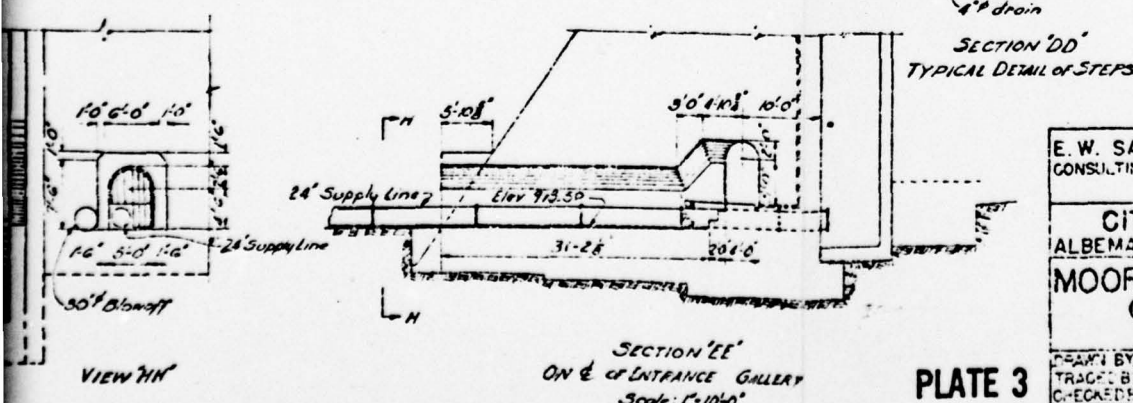
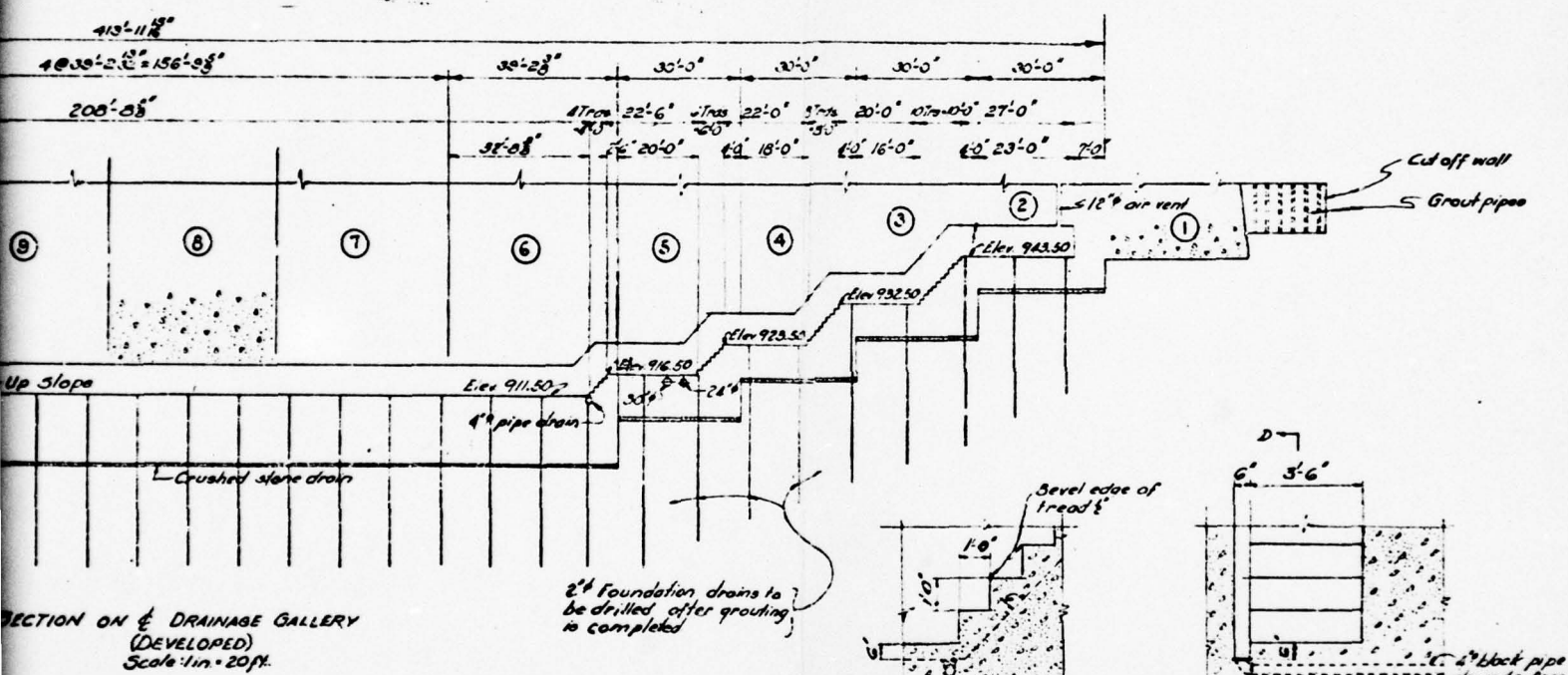
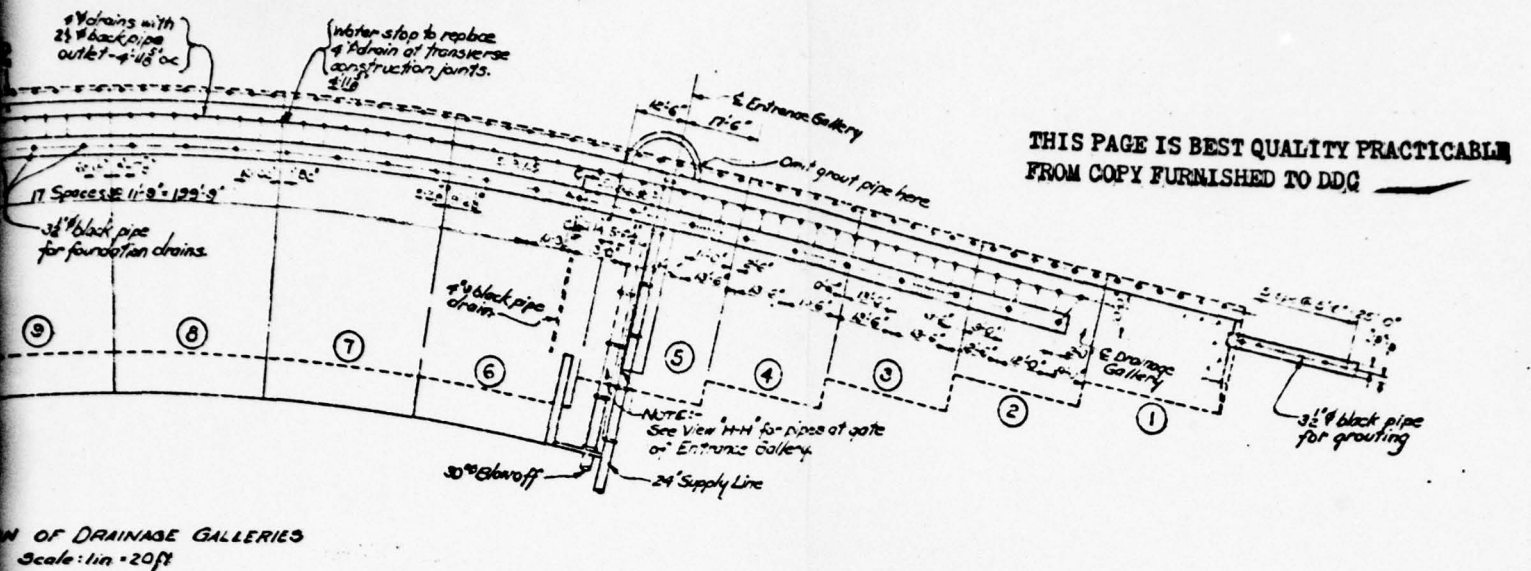
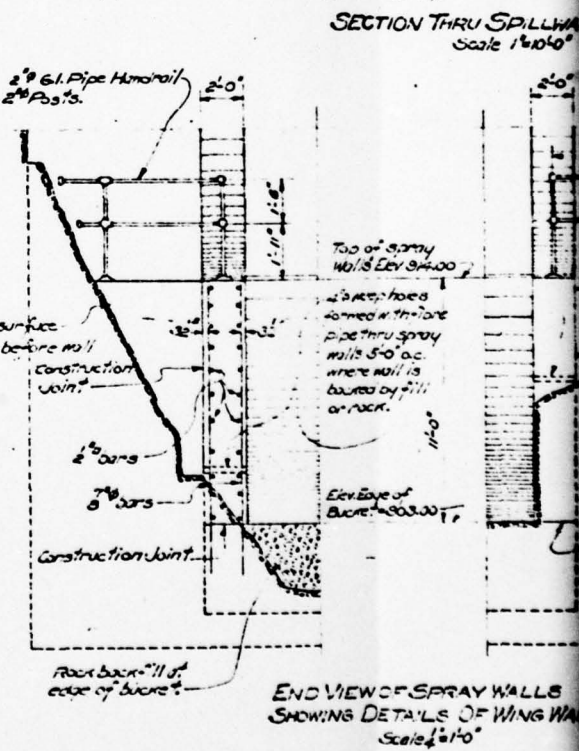
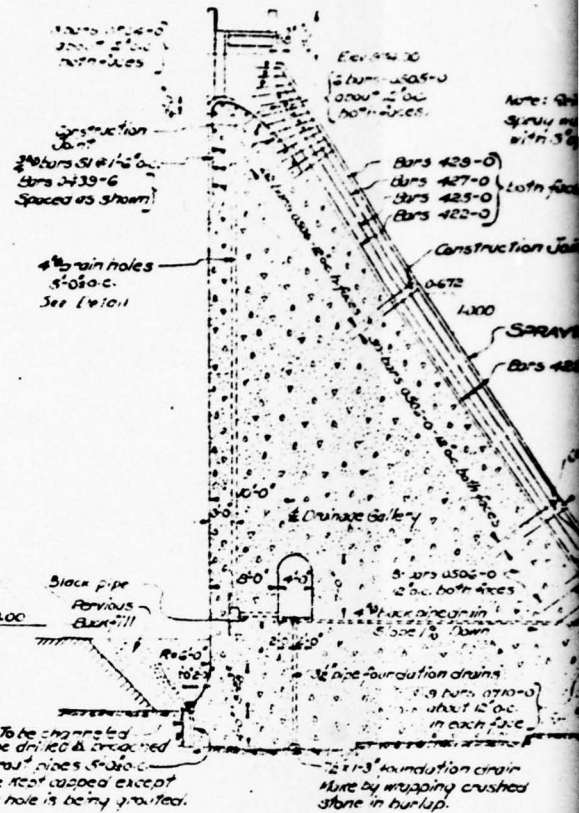
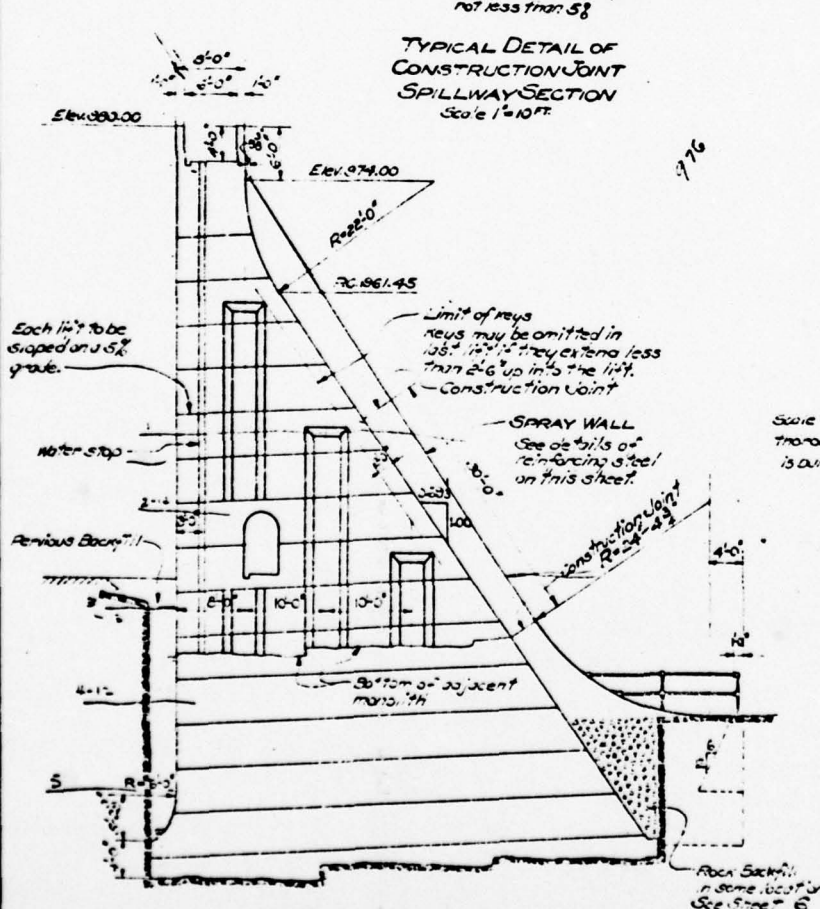
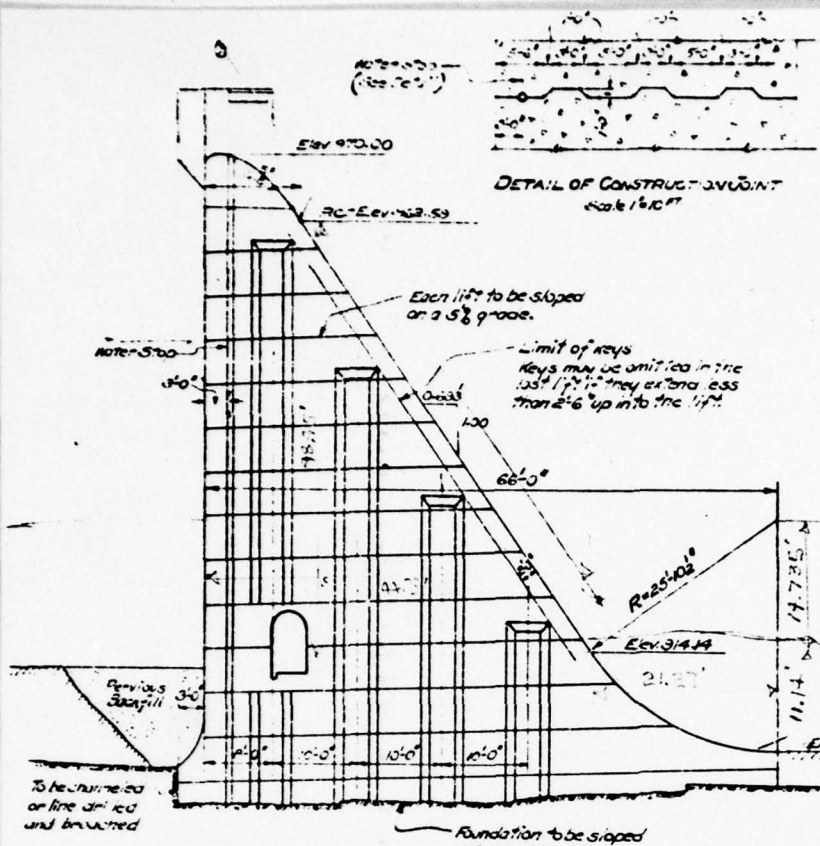


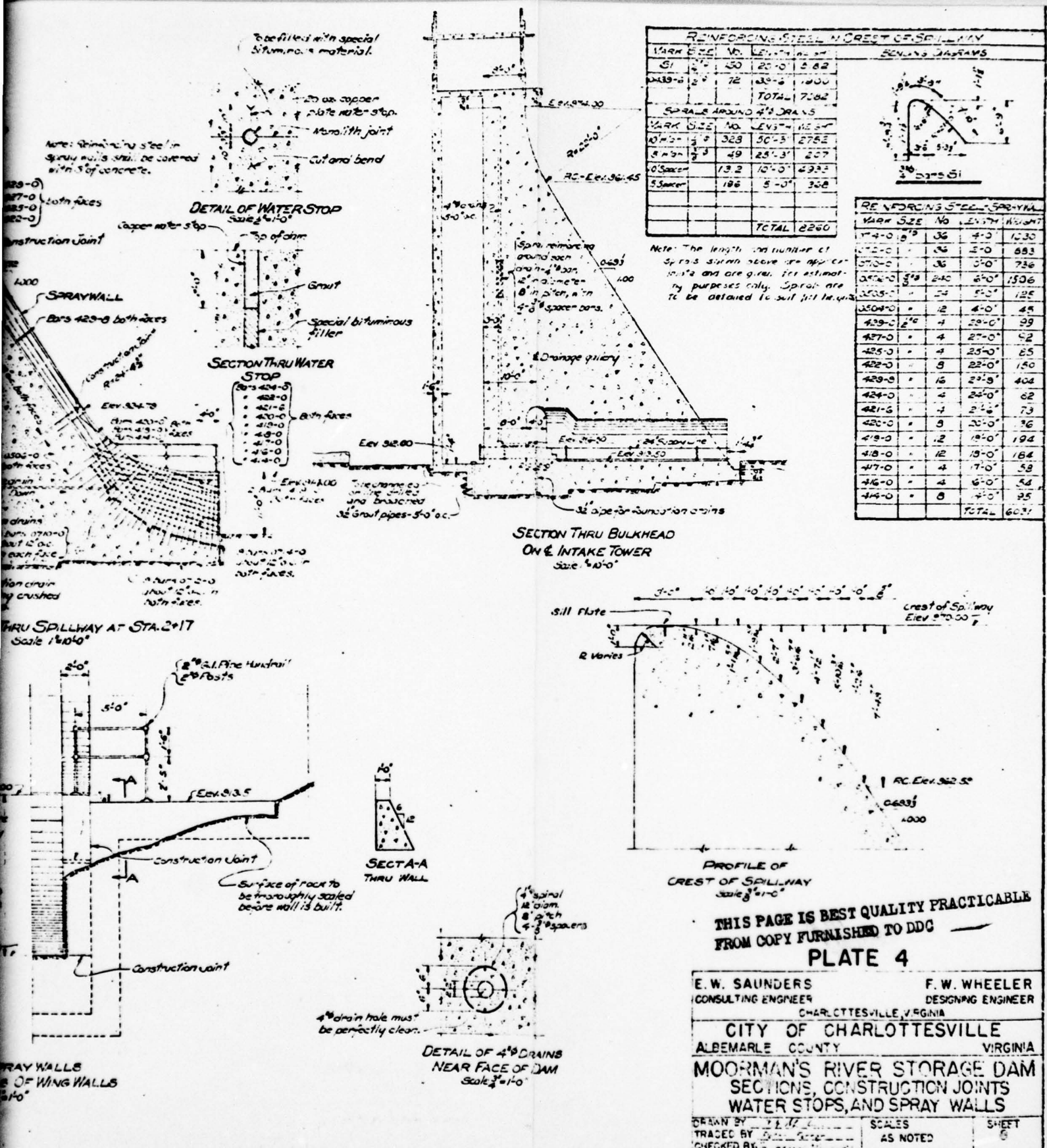
PLATE 3

E. W. SAUNDERS CONSULTING ENGINEER		F. W. WHEELER DESIGNING ENGINEER	
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA			
CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE			
ALBEMARLE COUNTY		VIRGINIA	
MOORMAN'S RIVER STORAGE DAM			
GALLERIES, DRAINS AND GROUT PIPES			
DESIGNED BY	SCALE	SHEET	
TRACED BY	AS NOTED	9	
CHECKED BY	RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL		
BY		DATE	APPROVED
CHARACTER		DATE	APPROVED

2



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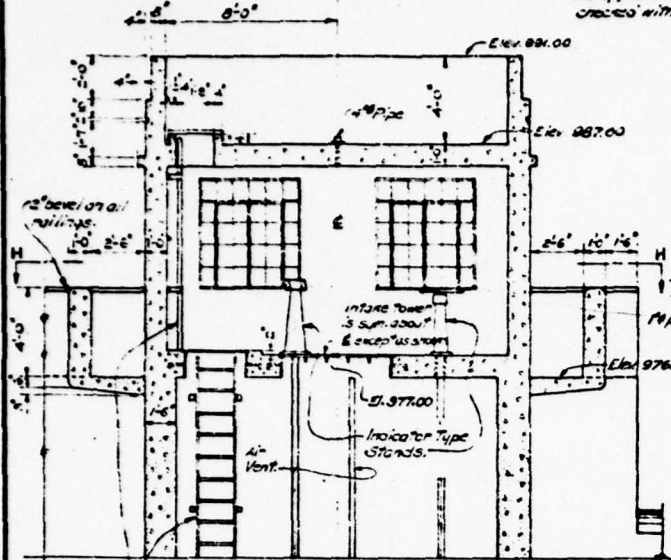
PLATE 4

E. W. SAUNDERS CONSULTING ENGINEER		F. W. WHEELER DESIGNING ENGINEER	
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA			
CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE			
ALBEMARLE COUNTY		VIRGINIA	
MOORMAN'S RIVER STORAGE DAM			
SECTIONS, CONSTRUCTION JOINTS			
WATER STOPS, AND SPRAY WALLS			
DRAWN BY: J. L. [illegible]		SCALES: AS NOTED	
TRACED BY: [illegible]		SHEET: 6	
CHECKED BY: [illegible]		RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL: [Signature]	
BY: [illegible]		DATE: [illegible]	
CHARACTER: [illegible]		APPROVED: [Signature]	
REVISIONS:		APPROVED: [Signature]	

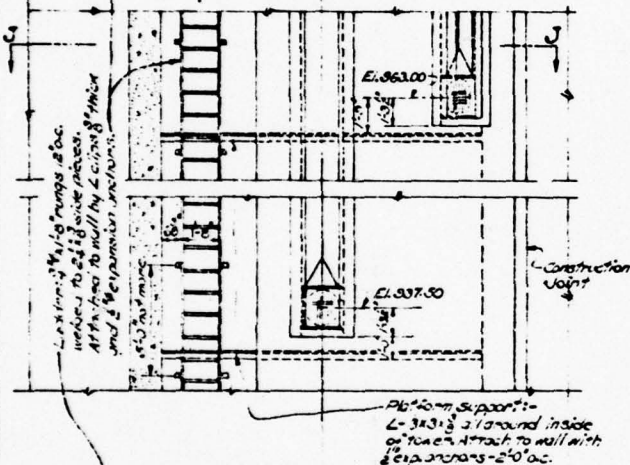
Note: All valves shall have steel casing with. Where dimensions are approximate and must be checked with cast members.

Note: 4'-0" x 7'-0" Main Rein. Room. See Manufacturers Draw. For exact wall openings and framing details.

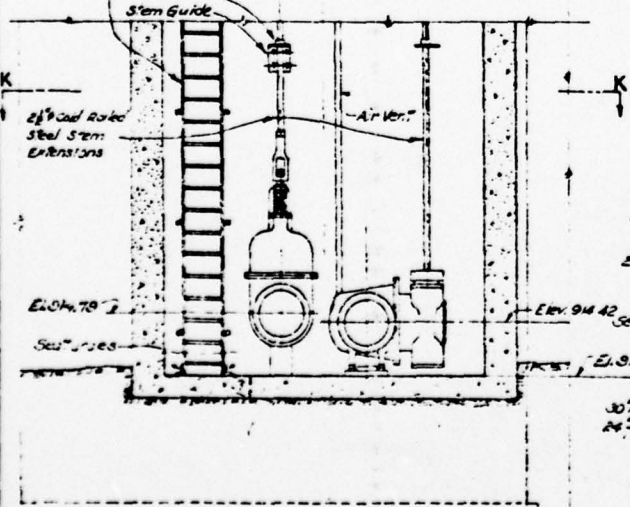
Note: For details of shafting and steel case.



SECT. G-G

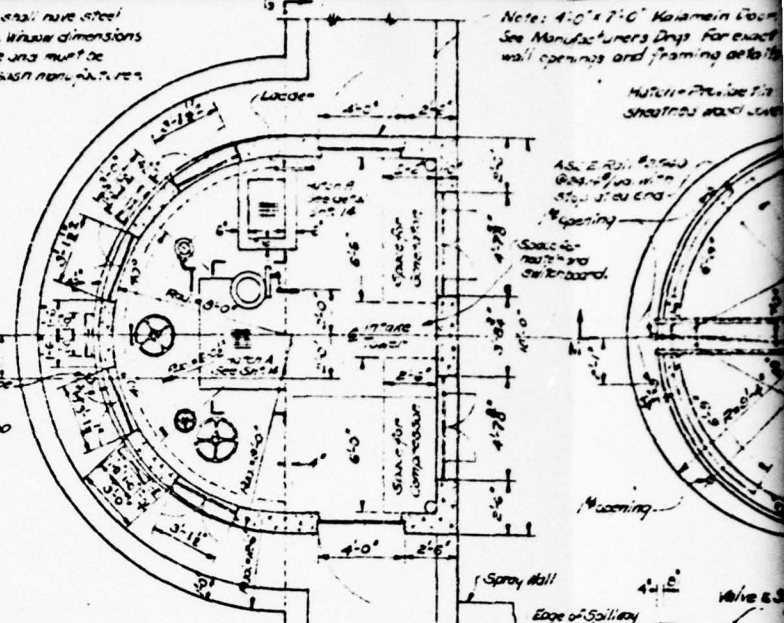


ELEVATION AND SECT. E-E

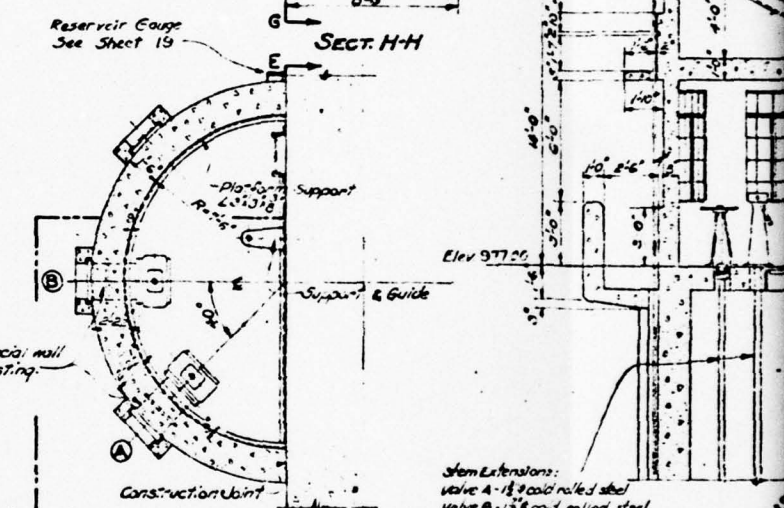


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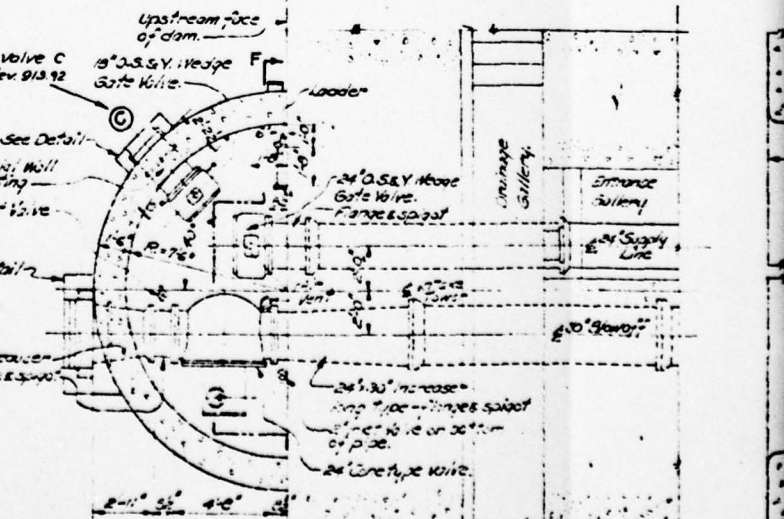
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SECT. H-H



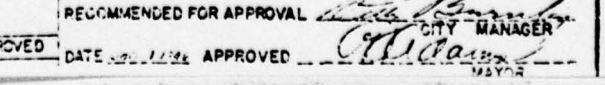
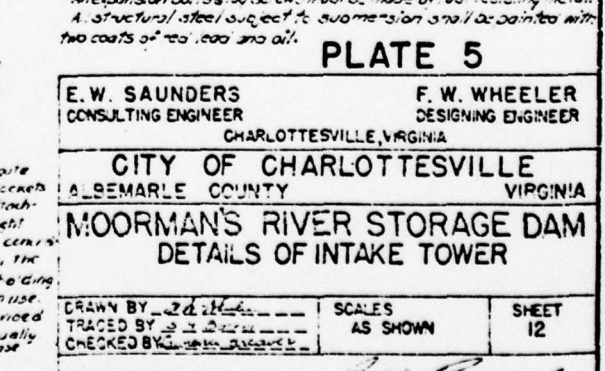
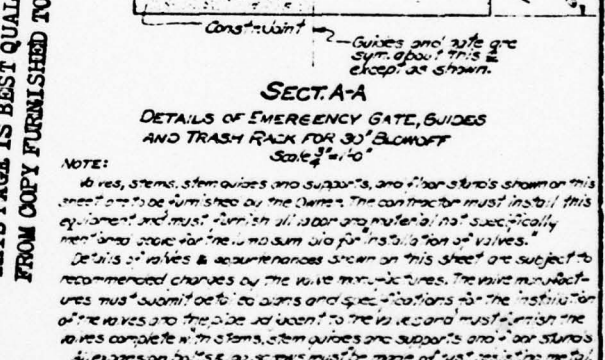
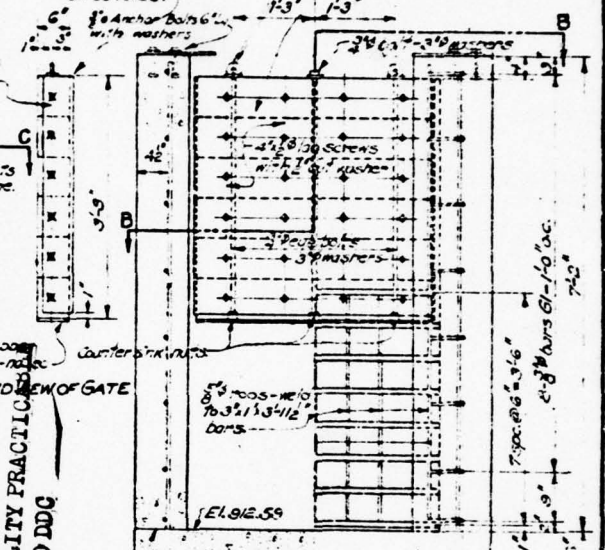
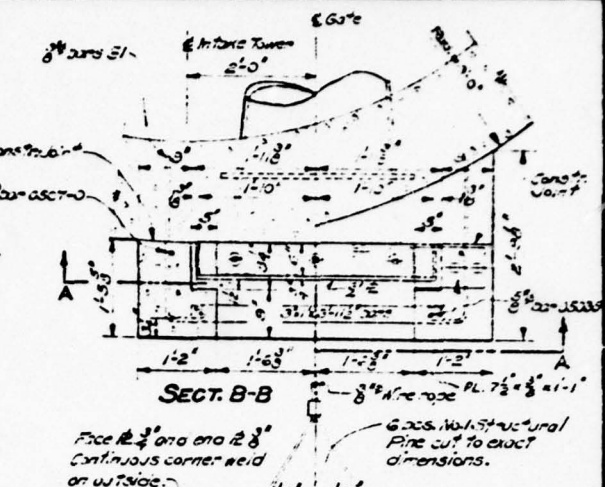
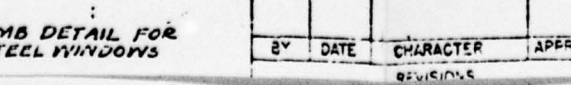
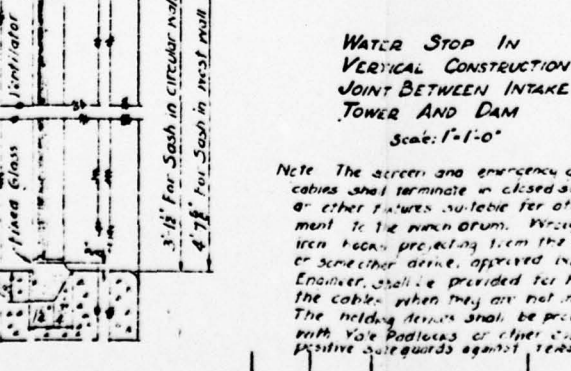
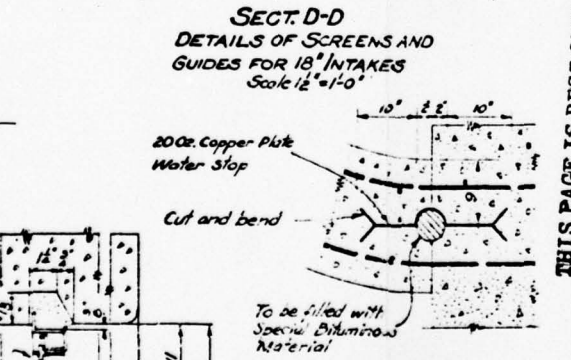
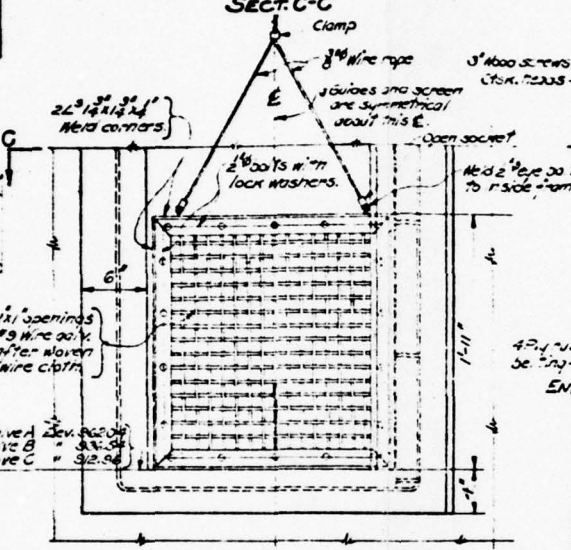
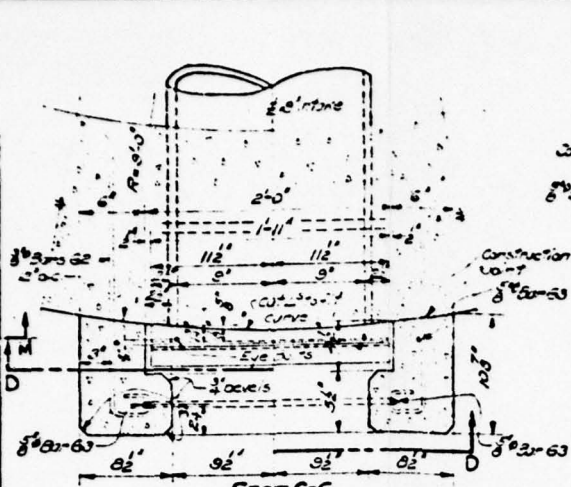
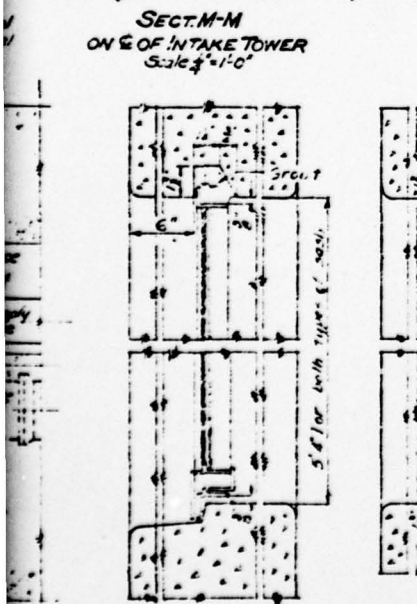
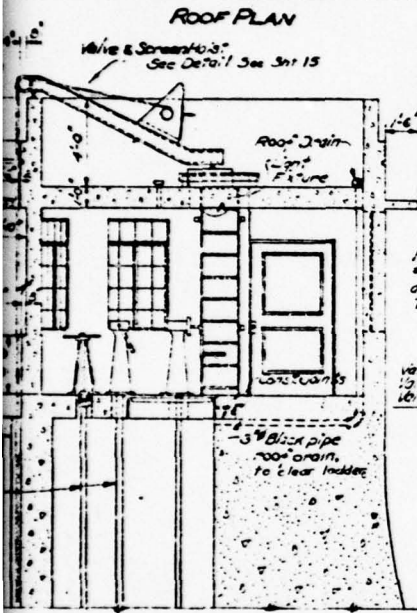
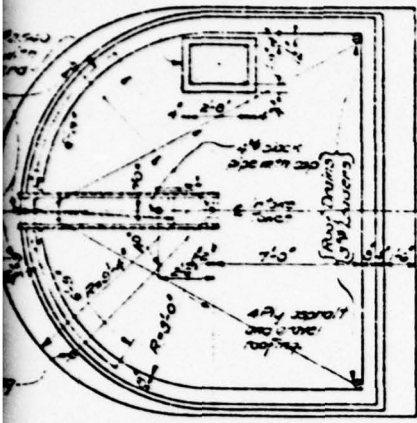
SECT. J-J



SECT. K-K

HEAD FOR

Moorman Dam
Drawings for exact
framing details
Scale: 1/2" = 1'-0"



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NOTE:
All res, stems, stem guides and supports, and floor stands shown on this
sheet are to be furnished by the Contractor. The Contractor must install this
equipment and must furnish all labor and material, no specifically
mentioned here for the purpose of the installation of valves.
Details of valves & accessories shown on this sheet are subject to
recommended changes by the valve manufacturers. The valve manufact-
ures must submit details to the Engineer and specifications for the installation
of the valves and the pipe and support to the Engineer and must furnish the
valves complete with stems, stem guides and supports and floor stands.
Expansion bolts or screws must be made of A307 stainless steel.
A structural steel subject to examination and to be painted with
two coats of red lead and oil.

PLATE 5

E. W. SAUNDERS
CONSULTING ENGINEER
CHARLOTTEVILLE, VIRGINIA

F. W. WHEELER
DESIGNING ENGINEER
CHARLOTTEVILLE, VIRGINIA

CITY OF CHARLOTTEVILLE
A REMARLE COUNTY VIRGINIA
MOORMAN'S RIVER STORAGE DAM
DETAILS OF INTAKE TOWER

DRAWN BY 2021 SCALES AS SHOWN SHEET 12
TRACED BY 2021
CHECKED BY 2021

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL 2021 CITY MANAGER
DATE 1/1/88 APPROVED 2021

BY	DATE	CHARACTER	APPROVED

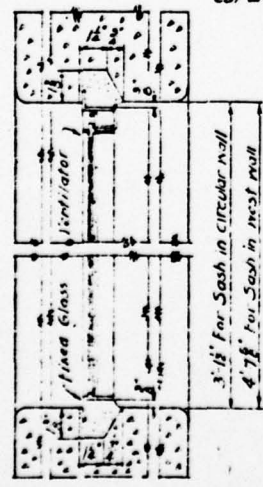
Note: The screen and emergency gate
cables shall terminate in closed screens
or other features suitable for attach-
ment to the main drum. Weight
iron hooks preventing from the center
or somewhere else, approved by the
Engineer, shall be provided for holding
the cables when they are not in use.
The holding devices shall be provided
with Yale padlocks or other equally
positive safeguards against release.

WATER STOP IN
VERTICAL CONSTRUCTION
JOINT BETWEEN INTAKE
TOWER AND DAM
Scale: 1" = 1'-0"

200c Copper Plate
Water Stop

Cut and bend

To be filled with
Special Bituminous
Material



APPENDIX II

PHOTOGRAPHS

CONTENTS

- Photo 1: View of Main Overflow Spillway Gate Hoist in Upper Right Corner
- Photo 2: Clear Seepage, Calcite Stains, Cracked and Spalled Areas of Non-Overflow Section
- Photo 3: Original Low Head Dam Downstream of Main Dam (Now serves as end sill of stilling basin for Sugar Hollow Dam.)
- Photo 4: View of Gate Hoist
- Photo 5: View of 30 Inch Blowoff Pipe (Left) and 24 Inch Water Supply Main (Right)
- Photo 6: View of 24 Inch Water Supply Main at Exit From Drainage Gallery
- Photo 7: Erosion of North Bank 100 Feet Upstream of Left Abutment
- Photo 8: Reservoir Looking Upstream From Dam
- Photo 9: View of Downstream Channel Beyond Stilling Pool

Note: Photographs were taken 25 July 1978.

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

SUGAR HOLLOW DAM

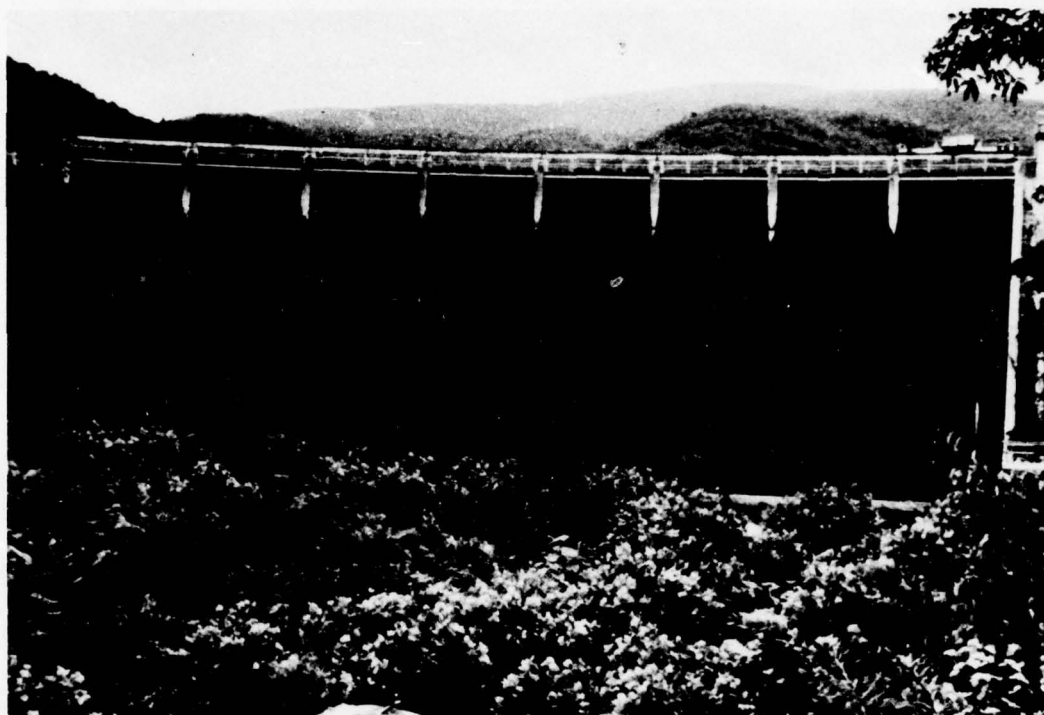


PHOTO 1. View of Main Overflow Spillway Gate Hoist in Upper Right Corner



PHOTO 2. Clear Seepage, Calcite Stains, Cracked and Spalled Areas of Non-Overflow Section

SUGAR HOLLOW DAM



**PHOTO 3. Original Low Head Dam Downstream of Main Dam
(Now serves as End Sill of Stilling Basin for Sugar Hollow Dam)**



PHOTO 4. View of Gate Hoist

SUGAR HOLLOW DAM

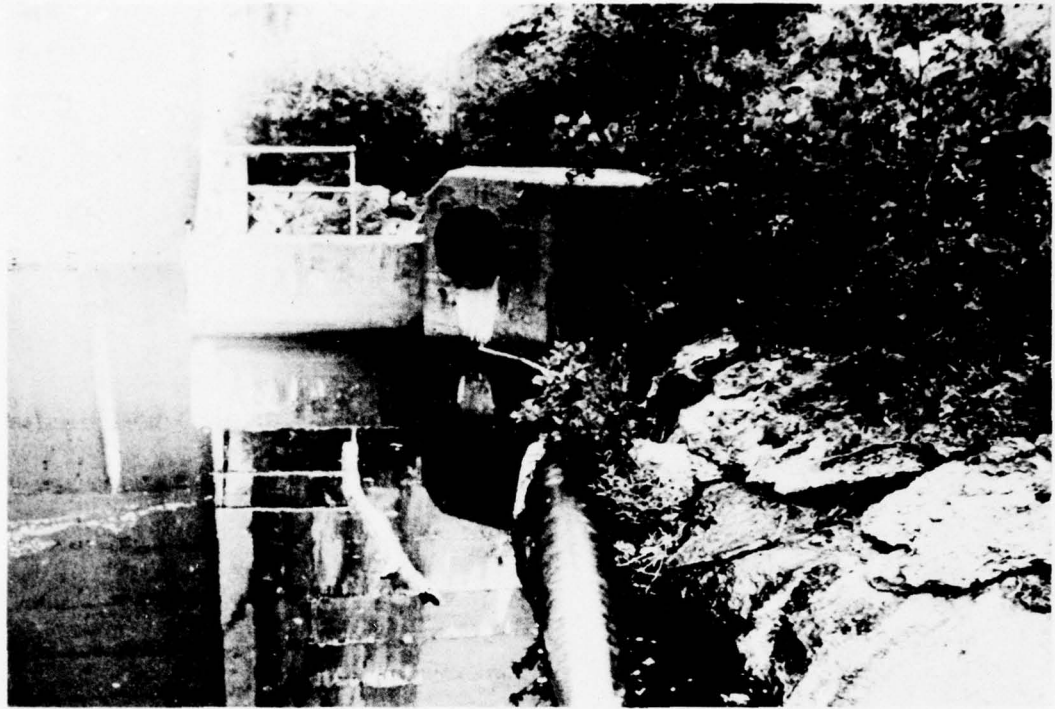


PHOTO 5. View of 30 Inch Blowoff Pipe (Left) and 24 Inch Water Supply Main (Right)



PHOTO 6. View of 24 Inch Water Supply Main at Exit From Drainage Gallery

SUGAR HOLLOW DAM

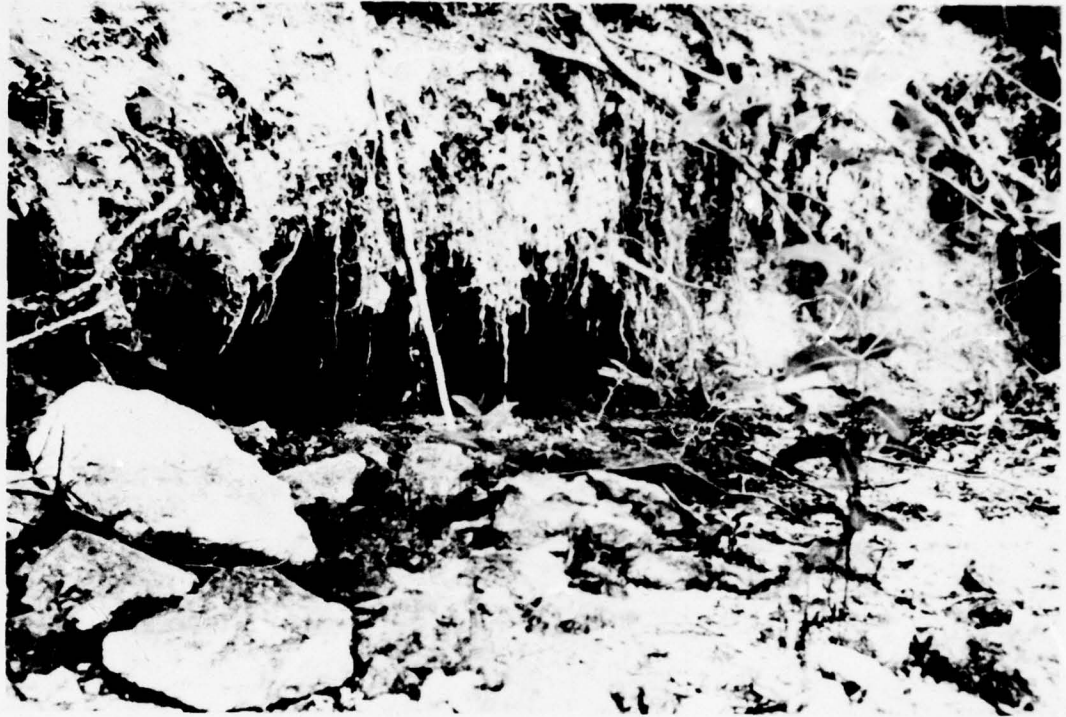


PHOTO 7. Erosion of North Bank 100 Feet Upstream of Left Abutment

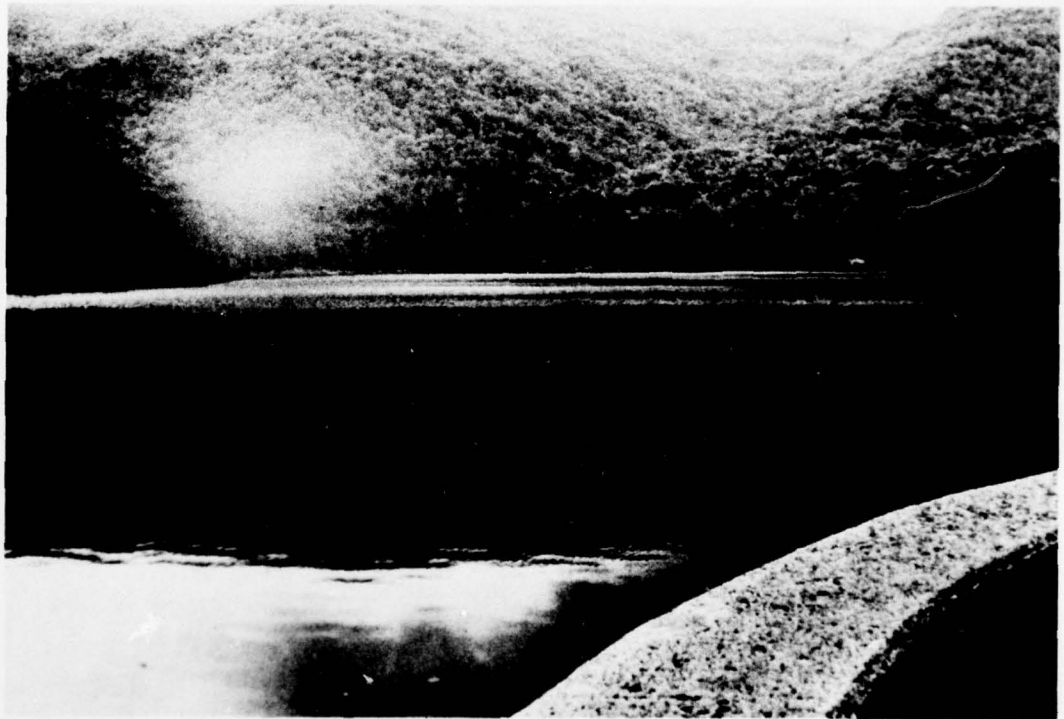


PHOTO 8. Reservoir Looking Upstream From Dam

SUGAR HOLLOW DAM



PHOTO 9. View of Downstream Channel Beyond Stilling Pool

APPENDIX III

CHECK LIST - VISUAL INSPECTION

Check List
Visual Inspection
Phase 1

Name Dam Sugar Hollow County Albemarle State Virginia Coordinates Lat. 3808.2 Long. 7844.3

Date Inspection 25 July 1978 Weather Cloudy Temperature 85°F.

Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection 975 M.S.L. Tailwater at Time of Inspection 912 M.S.L.

HH-1

Inspection Personnel:

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.: VIRGINIA WATER CONTROL BOARD:

M. Moore
T. Dougan
W. Sheaffer

Bill Lorenz

T. Dougan Recorder

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

SUGAR HOLLOW

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
BACKFILL ADJACENT TO DAM	According to the design drawings, selected rockfill was placed next to the downstream face with silty sand and gravel outside. 1.5 feet of riprap stone over nine inches of granular material overlying impervious fill on the upstream side is called for in the plans. The materials were observed downstream.	
STRUCTURE TO ABUTMENT/EMBANKMENT JUNCTIONS	Both abutments of the structure are founded on hard granite with joints. One set of joints is approximately perpendicular to the axis of the dam and dips from 80° to 90°. Clear seepage was observed from the left side of the dam toe.	
DRAINS H H H 2	Gallery drains are shown on design drawings. All drains in left concrete section appeared to be unclogged. All drains were full of water. Drains located in right concrete section had a mud cover. One-half of the drains in this area were not visible because of mud. They may be clogged.	Drains in right concrete section should be cleared of mud and debris.
WATER PASSAGES	An arch culvert located at the toe of the dam in left abutment area carried a 24 inch water supply line. No flow was present in culvert. A trough was located in the gallery for collecting overflow from foundation drains. The trough had two to three inches of water for the entire length. The flow rate was minimal.	
FOUNDATION	Concrete section founded on hard granite as indicated by the borings. The foundation was stepped, only the top of the foundation was visible. Joints dipping 80° to 90° were observed in rock exposures in the vicinity. Some moderately dipping cleavage planes were also apparent. The rock is either the Marshall or Crozet Granite of the Precambrian Virginia Blue Ridge Crystalline Complex.	

CONCRETE/MASONRY DAMS

SUGAR HOLLOW

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SURFACE CRACKS CONCRETE SURFACES	Surface cracks and spalls were present throughout the entire dam (superficial in nature--no repairs necessary). The crest of the spillway and the center gated section had considerable spalling due to constant overflow in this area.	
STRUCTURAL CRACKING	No structural cracking was present in the dam. Evidence of cracking was present in an appurtenant structure (walkway outlet culvert).	
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT	No misalignment was present in the dam structure.	
EXPANSION JOINTS	Expansion joints were in fair condition. Evidence of expansion and contraction was visible. Neoprene sealant was being "squeezed" from joints; one-half inch of sealant material remained.	
CONSTRUCTION JOINTS	Evidence of seepage was visible in the construction joints in the left concrete section adjacent to the main spillway. Calcite stains were present from longitudinal and transverse joints. Considerable spalling was evident in the same area near the 24 inch water supply line.	
SEEPAGE AND DRAINAGE	Drainage from a covered outlet of a four inch terra-cotta drain, leakage at several joints. Seepage at the downstream toe on the left side. The total flow was measured at three g.p.m., most of which apparently came from the terra-cotta drain.	It is recommended that the outlet of the terra-cotta drain be uncovered, a channel be provided for flow and heavy growth be cut.

OUTLET WORKS

SUGAR HOLLOW

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CRACKING AND SPALLING OF CONCRETE SURFACES IN OUTLET CONDUIT	Minor spalling was evident in the 30 inch outlet conduit at construction joints. Calcite stains and a small amount of seepage was observed. Condensation was present on both walls in the gallery.	
INTAKE STRUCTURE	The intake structure was in fair condition. Gates could not be observed or operated during the inspection.	
OUTLET STRUCTURE	Outlet structure consisted of a 30 inch diameter blow off pipe. No obstruction was observed at time of inspection.	
OUTLET CHANNEL	There is no outlet channel. The 30 inch blow off pipe is directed into the stilling pool.	
EMERGENCY GATE	This consists of the 24 inch cone valve on the blow off pipe. It was not operated during the inspection.	

GATED SPILLWAY

SUGAR HOLLOW

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE SILL	A stilling pond is located at the toe of the dam and was impounded by means of an old concrete dam located downstream of present dam. Riprap was present on the bottom of the stilling pond. Stilling pond depth (7.5± feet).	
APPROACH CHANNEL	There is none.	
DISCHARGE CHANNEL	Discharged water flows into the Moormans River.	
BRIDGE AND PIERS	Piers between spillway gates are in good condition with some minor surface cracking.	
GATES AND OPERATION EQUIPMENT	Eight vertically hoisted gates were present. No leakage was evident. The gates are operated by a hoist on rails above the gates. They were not operated during inspection nor have they been operated recently.	Operate gates at least yearly to insure proper functioning.

INSTRUMENTATION

SUGAR HOLLOW

VISUAL EXAMINATION	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
MONUMENTATION/SURVEYS	U.S. G.S. Bench Mark.	
OBSERVATION WELLS	There are none.	
WEIRS III-6	There are no flow measuring weirs.	
PIEZOMETERS	There are none.	
OTHER		

RESERVOIR

SUGAR HOLLOW

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
SLOPES	Some erosion was visible in left bank just upstream of dam. The banks along the shore consist of silty sand with gravel, boulders and rock fragments. Soft to medium hard weathered granite is exposed in several areas. The slopes are moderately steep and wooded. Some wooden debris has been deposited on the shore.	

SEDIMENTATION

Some sedimentation was evident last year when the lake level was drawn down 35 feet. Sedimentation was in upstream reaches.

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

SUGAR HOLLOW

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
-----------------------	--------------	----------------------------

CONDITION
(OBSTRUCTIONS,
DEBRIS, ETC.)

Heavily overgrown with trees and brush in main channel.
The streambed consists of boulders and cobbles with
sandy gravel. Granite is exposed in some areas
primarily near the stilling basin.

SLOPES

H
H
H
-
∞

The slopes consist of sand and gravel with cobbles in some areas,
portions with hard granite exposed. There is some clear seepage
along cleavage planes toward the stream from the hillside, primarily
on the left side of the valley. Granite is at or near the surface
of the valley slopes.

APPROXIMATE NO.
OF HOMES AND
POPULATION

Eight to ten homes are located in immediate downstream area,
with an approximate population of 35. A girl scout camp is
also located approximately 1000 yards downstream and is a
seasonal operation.

APPENDIX IV

CHECK LIST - ENGINEERING DATA

CHECK LIST
ENGINEERING DATA
DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION

SUGAR HOLLOW

ITEM	REMARKS
------	---------

PLAN OF DAM	Enclosed with design drawings (see Plates 1 and 2).
-------------	---

REGIONAL VICINITY MAP	Enclosed (see Location Plan).
-----------------------	-------------------------------

CONSTRUCTION HISTORY	Photos of construction are available from the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority.
----------------------	--

TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM	Enclosed in report (see Plate 4).
-------------------------	-----------------------------------

HV-1

HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC DATA	None was available.
---------------------------	---------------------

OUTLETS - PLAN	Enclosed (see Plate 5).
----------------	-------------------------

- DETAILS	Enclosed (see Plate 5).
-----------	-------------------------

- CONSTRAINTS	Enclosed (see Plate 5).
---------------	-------------------------

- DISCHARGE RATINGS	Enclosed (see Plate 5).
---------------------	-------------------------

RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS	None were available at the dam site.
----------------------------	--------------------------------------

SUGAR HOLLOW

ITEM	REMARKS
------	---------

DESIGN REPORTS	None were available.
----------------	----------------------

GEOLOGY REPORTS	None were available.
-----------------	----------------------

DESIGN COMPUTATIONS	None were available.
HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS	
DAM STABILITY	
SEEPAGE STUDIES	

14
1
2

MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS	Boring records are available.
BORING RECORDS	
LABORATORY	
FIELD	

POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM	None were available.
----------------------------------	----------------------

BORROW SOURCES	No information on borrow source was available.
----------------	--

SUGAR HOLLOW

ITEM	REMARKS
------	---------

MONITORING SYSTEMS There are none.

MODIFICATIONS Information on modifications was not available.

HIGH POOL RECORDS None were available.

POST-CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING None are available.
STUDIES AND REPORTS

IV-13

PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM None were reported.
DESCRIPTION
REPORTS

MAINTENANCE None were available.
OPERATION
RECORDS

SUGAR HOLLOW

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
-------------	----------------

SPILLWAY PLAN	Enclosed (see Plates 1, 2, 3 and 4).
---------------	--------------------------------------

SECTIONS

DETAILS

OPERATING EQUIPMENT Enclosed (see Plate 5).
PLANS & DETAILS

CHECK LIST
HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC DATA
ENGINEERING DATA

DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS: 17.2 square miles

ELEVATION TOP NORMAL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 970 (gates open) (1105 acre-feet)
975 (gates closed) (1320 acre-feet)

ELEVATION TOP FLOOD CONTROL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 980 (1460 acre-feet)

ELEVATION MAXIMUM DESIGN POOL: 980

ELEVATION TOP DAM: 980

CREST: Gated Spillway

a. Elevation 970

b. Type Ogee shape with slide gates

c. Width Eight sections at 25.5 feet each

d. Length Not Applicable

e. Location Spillover Center of dam

f. Number and Type of Gates Eight crest gates operated by moveable lift

OUTLET WORKS: _____

a. Type 30 inch blow off pipe

b. Location Gate house

c. Entrance Inverts 914.4

d. Exit Inverts 914.4

e. Emergency draindown facilities 30 inch diameter drain

HYDROMETEOROLOGICAL GAGES: _____

a. Type Streamflow gage

b. Location Less than one mile upstream of dam on North Fork of Moormans River

c. Records 1951 to date

MAXIMUM NON-DAMAGING DISCHARGE Unknown

NAME OF DAM: SUGAR HOLLOW

APPENDIX V

BORING LOGS AND LOCATIONS

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B.M. on rock
outcrop El. 990.90

EXISTING INTAKE CAN

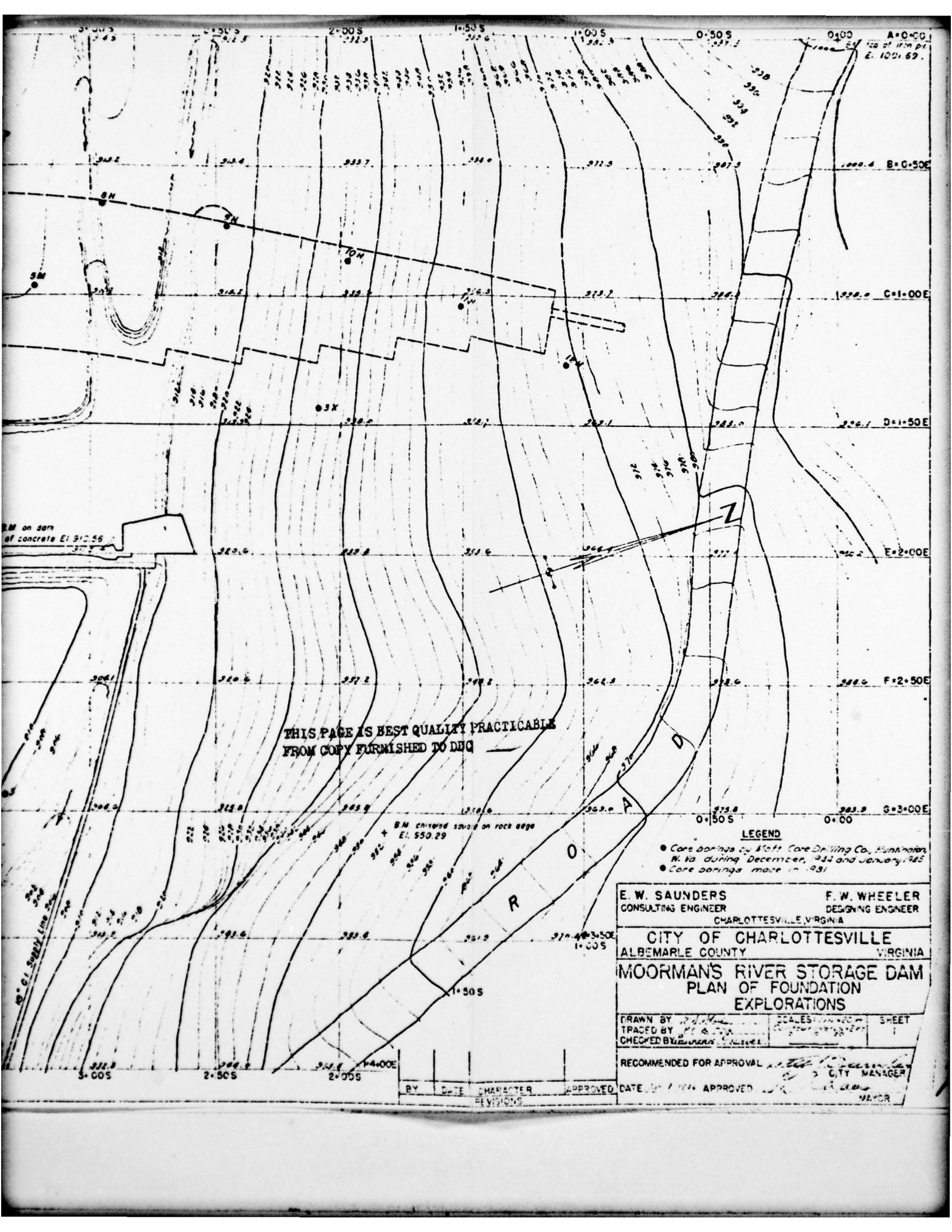
MOORMAN'S RIVER

18" O.I. Supply Line

3-505

Points Nos. 1X, 2X, 3X, 3-1/2, 5, 6, 3A, 4A, and 6A were made in 1931 by Southern Drilling Co. Nos. 1X, 2X and 3X have been plotted as located in the field. The locations of points Nos. 3, 3-1/2, 5, 6, 3A, 4A and 6A have been scaled from Plate 7 of a report prepared by Savits and Williamson, Inc., Consulting Engineers, Richmond, Va., on the "Proposed Moorman's River Dam". This report is dated April 3, 1931.

Barnes Nos. 19, 24, 25, 3, 3-1/2, 5, 6, 3A, 4A, and 6A were made in 1931 by Southern Drilling Co. Nos. 18, 23 and 3X have been plotted as located in the field. The locations of Barnes Nos. 3, 3-1/2, 5, 6, 3A, 4A and 6A have been secured from Figure 9 of a report prepared by Savits and Williamson, Inc., Consulting Engineers, Richmond, Va., on the "Proposed Moorman's River Dam". This report is dated April 3, 1931.



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LEGEND

- Core borings by Moffitt Core Drilling Co., Hunkinham, N. Va. during December, 1934 and January, 1935
- Core borings made in 1931

E. W. SAUNDERS
CONSULTING ENGINEER
F. W. WHEELER
DESIGNING ENGINEER
CHARLOTTEVILLE, VIRGINIA

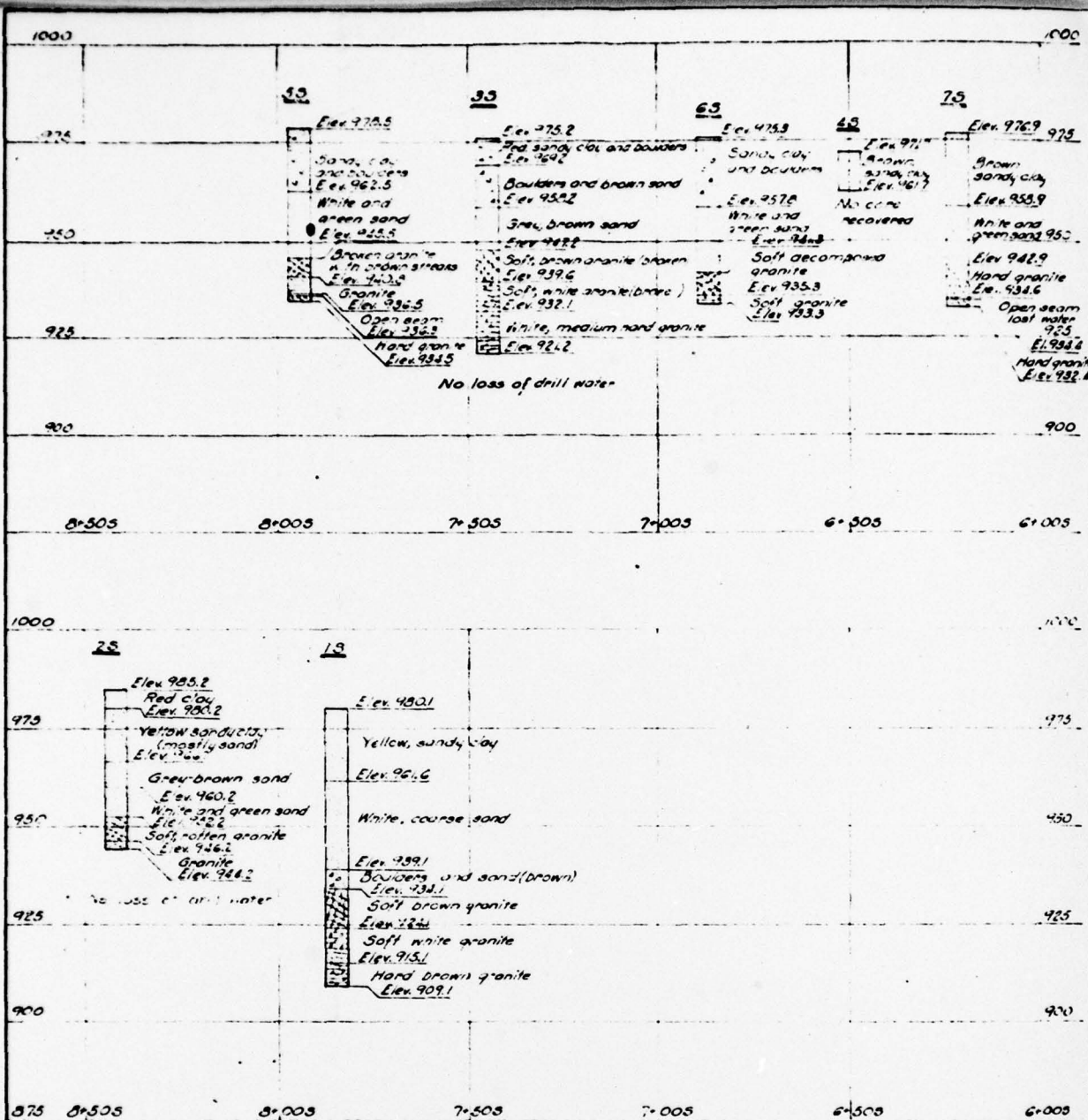
CITY OF CHARLOTTEVILLE
ALBEMARLE COUNTY VIRGINIA

MOORMAN'S RIVER STORAGE DAM
PLAN OF FOUNDATION
EXPLORATIONS

DRAWN BY [Signature]
TRACED BY [Signature]
CHECKED BY [Signature]

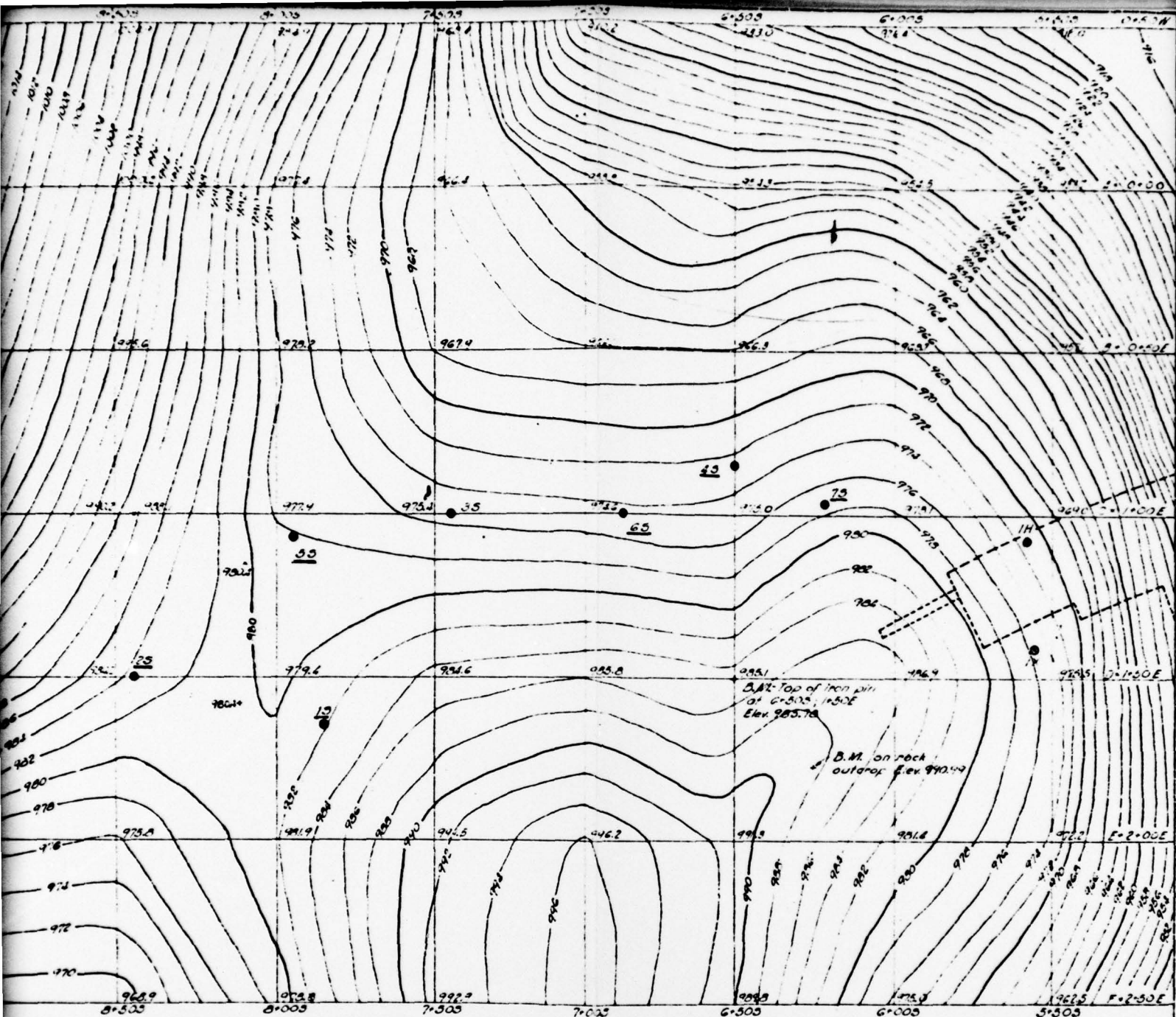
SCALE 1" = 200'
SHEET 1

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL [Signature]
CITY MANAGER
DATE [Signature] APPROVED [Signature]
BY DATE CHARACTER APPROVED DATE [Signature] APPROVED [Signature]
REVISIONS



LOG OF BORINGS IN RIDGE AT SOUTH
END OF DAM

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**LOCATION PLAN OF BORINGS IN RIDGE
AT SOUTH END OF DAM**

LEGEND:

- Spring No. 18 was by Southern Drilling Co. in 1931.
- Borings numbered 15 thru 75 and 1H were by Matt Core Drilling Co., Huntington, N. Va. during December 1944 and January 1945.
- All cores were drilled with a 3" diamond bit.

LEGEND

Boulders and sandy-clay overburden

Sand

Broken granite

Soft, coarse-grained granite

Hard and dense granite

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E. W. SAUNDERS
CONSULTING ENGINEER

F. W. WHEELER
DESIGNING ENGINEER

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA

CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE
ALBEMARLE COUNTY VIRGINIA

**MOORMAN'S RIVER STORAGE DAM
LOG BORINGS SOUTH OF DAM
SITE**

DRAWN BY *F. W. Wheeler*
TRACED BY *F. W. Wheeler*
CHECKED BY *F. W. Wheeler*

SCALES: *1" = 100'* SHEET **2**

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL, *F. W. Wheeler* MANAGER
DATE *1/1/45* APPROVED *F. W. Wheeler*

BY *F. W. Wheeler* DATE *1/1/45* CHARACTER *REVISIONS* APPROVED *F. W. Wheeler*

1000		LOG OF GROUTING OPERATIONS		LOG OF GROUTING OPERATIONS	
		HOLE 1H Date: Jan 22, 1945 First packer set at Elev 902.2 At 130 sacks of 8 gal./sack grout appeared in hole 5H Hole 5H was plugged At 295 sacks of 8 gal./sack grout appeared in stream. Date: Jan 29, 1945 Packer set at Elev 902.2 pressure of 120 p.s.i. was held Raised packer to Elev 912.2 Used 40 sacks of cement in 8 gal./sack grout; changed to 5 gal./sack grout. At 525 sacks pressure was 20 p.s.i. At 580 " " 25 p.s.i. Date: Jan. 30, 1945 Packer set at Elev 922.2, hole did not take grout at 100 p.s.i. Raised packer to Elev 932.2, hole would not take grout. Raised packer to Elev 942.2, used 6 gal./sack grout. After 135 bags of cement had been used grout appeared in stream 15 ft. below point at which it had previously appeared. Stopped pumping for 30 min. Pumped in 8 sacks of 5 gal./sack grout and grout appeared in stream. Date: Feb. 3, 1945 Packer set at Elev 942.2. After 133 sacks of 6 gal./sack grout had been pumped, grout appeared in stream, at same place as on Jan. 30 Date: Feb. 5, 1945 Packer set at Elev 942.2. Used 40 sacks of cement in 6 gal./sack grout, then changed to 5 gal./sack grout. Pumped a total of 200 sacks of cement. Packer was then moved to 2H Packer again set at Elev 942.2 166 sacks of 5 gal./sack grout was pumped without a rise in pressure. Date: Feb. 6, 1945 At 35 bags of cement in 8 gal./sack pressure rose to 30 p.s.i. Changed to 5 gal./sack grout at 55 bags of cement pressure rose to 100 p.s.i. but delivery pressure was reduced to 75 p.s.i. At 212 bags cement changed to 5 gal./sack grout. At 234 sacks of cement pressure held at 80 p.s.i. Hole would not take more grout A total of 1753 sacks of cement was used in this hole		HOLE 2H Date: Feb. 3, 1945 Packer set at Elev 931.2 8 gal./sack grout was used. At 31 pressure rose and held at 125 p.s.i. Raised packer to 160 sacks of cement pressure was 35 p.s.i. Put out 8 Date: Feb. 5, 1945 Hole was plugged with grout at Elev 944.2 as a result of grouting other holes. LOG OF GROUTING OPERATIONS HOLE 3H Date: Feb. 5, 1945 Hole was plugged with grout at Elev 922.5 as a result of grouting other holes Packer set at Elev 922.6 Hole would not take grout.	
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LOG OF GROUTING OPERATIONS

LOG OF GROUTING OPERATIONS

HOLE 5H

Date: Jan. 22, 1945
Grout entered this hole from
hole H1 and this hole was
plugged.

HOLE 6H

Date: Jan. 23, 1945
Packer set at Elev. 898.6
34 sacks of cement in 8 gal./sack grout
initial pressure was 20 p.s.i., changed
to 600 lb./sack grout.
At 325 sacks of cement pressure was 35 p.s.i.
• 350 • 50 •
• 362 • 70 •

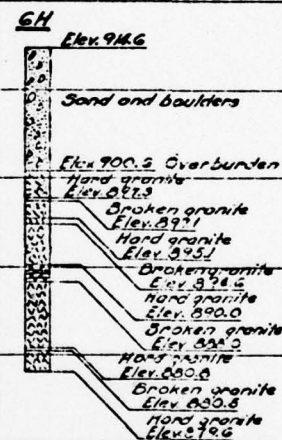
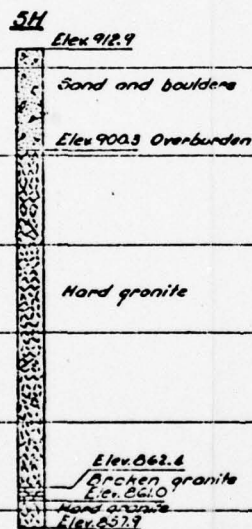
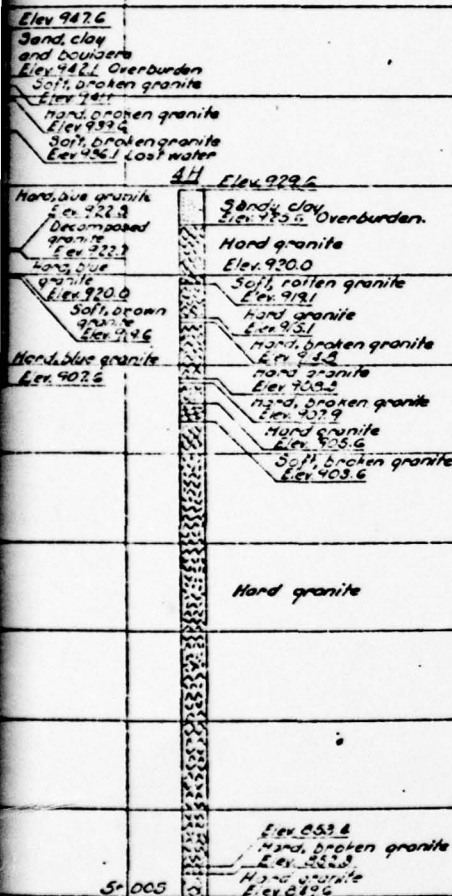
Ran out of cement.
Remarks: This hole never held pressure, but
it is apparent from the continued increase
in delivery pressure that the hole was near
refusal when the grouting was stopped.

LOG OF GROUTING OPERATIONS

HOLE 4H

Date: Feb. 5, 1945
Hole was plugged with grout
at Elev. 911.6 due to grouting
other holes. This hole would
not take grout.

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Logs of core borings shown on this sheet have been copied from the drillers
reports and logs of the grouting operations have been copied from drill reports
by J.W. Carter, City Inspector. The holes were drilled with a 3" diamond bit, true
work and the grouting having been done by the Moff Core Drilling Co., Huntington,
W. Va. The cores are available for inspection.

LEGEND

Boulders and Sand, Clay overburden

Sand

Broken granite

Soft, coarse-grained granite

Hard and dense granite

E. W. SAUNDERS
CONSULTING ENGINEERF. W. WHEELER
DESIGNING ENGINEER

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA

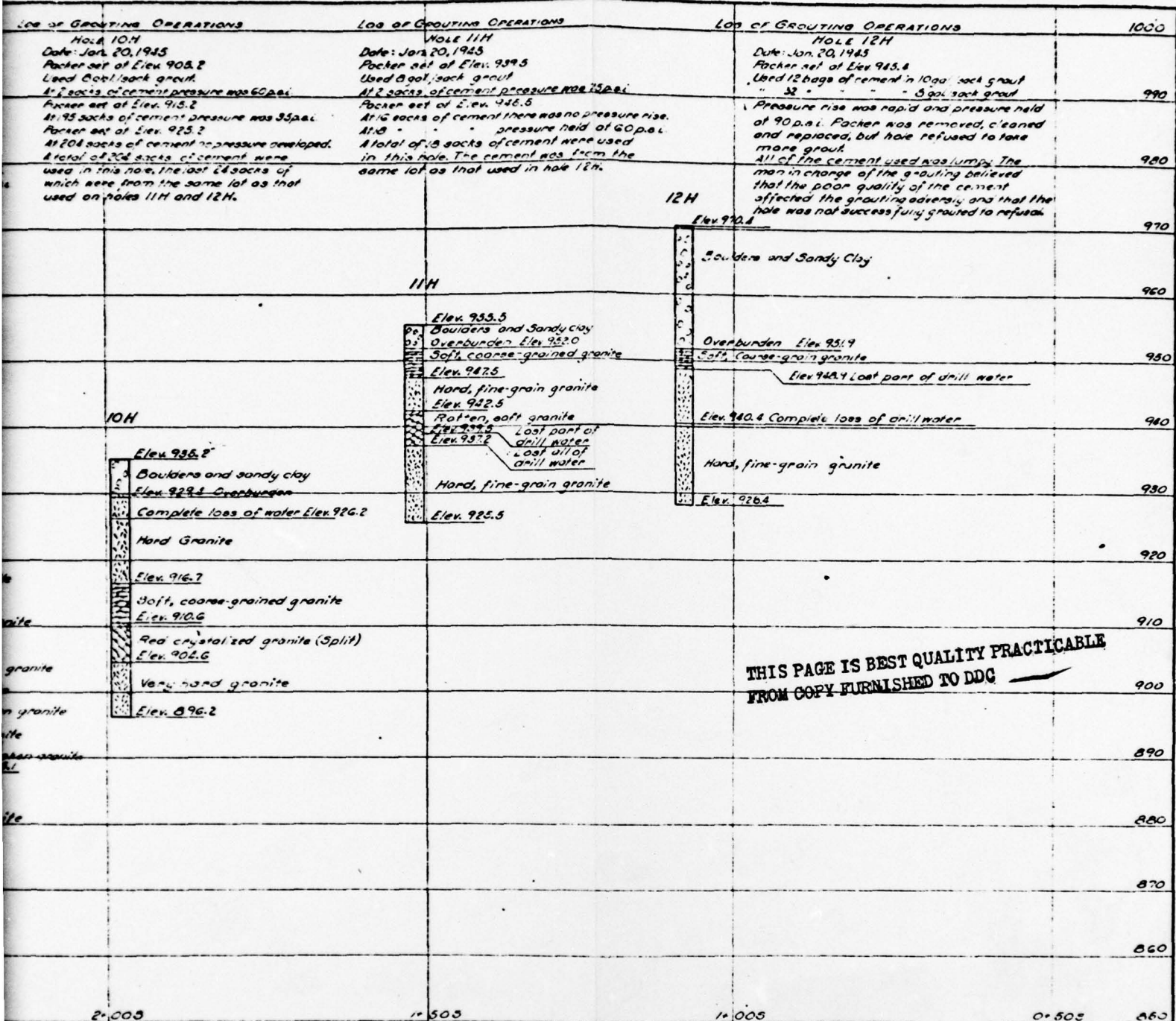
CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE
ALBEMARLE COUNTY VIRGINIAMOORMAN'S RIVER STORAGE DAM
LOG OF BORINGS ON DAM
SITEDRAWN BY: [Signature] SCALES: 1" = 10' SHEET 3
TRACED BY: [Signature]
CHECKED BY: [Signature]RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL [Signature] CITY MANAGER
DATE: 4-1-45. APPROVED [Signature]

BY DATE CHARACTER APPROVED

5+005

4+505

[illegible]



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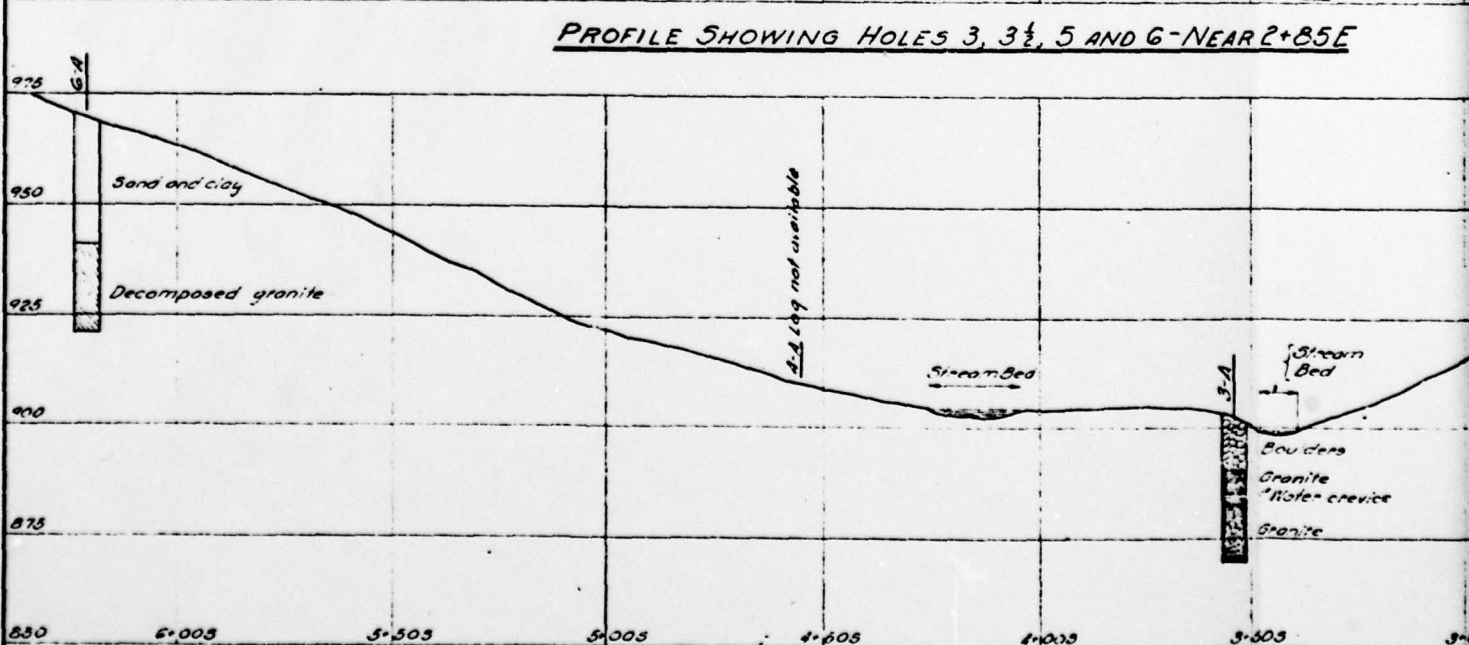
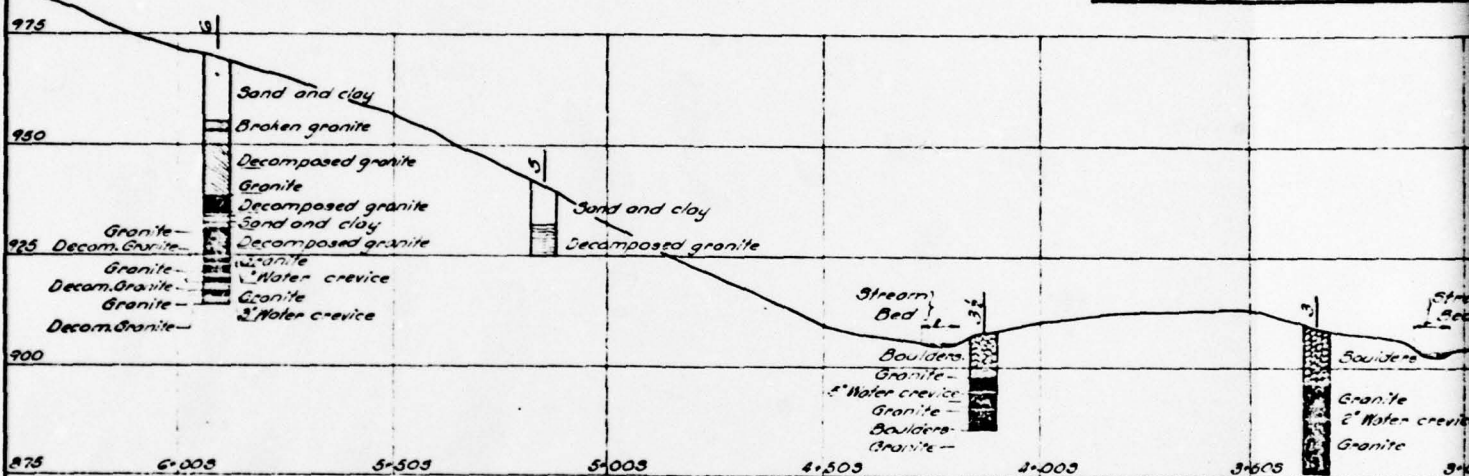
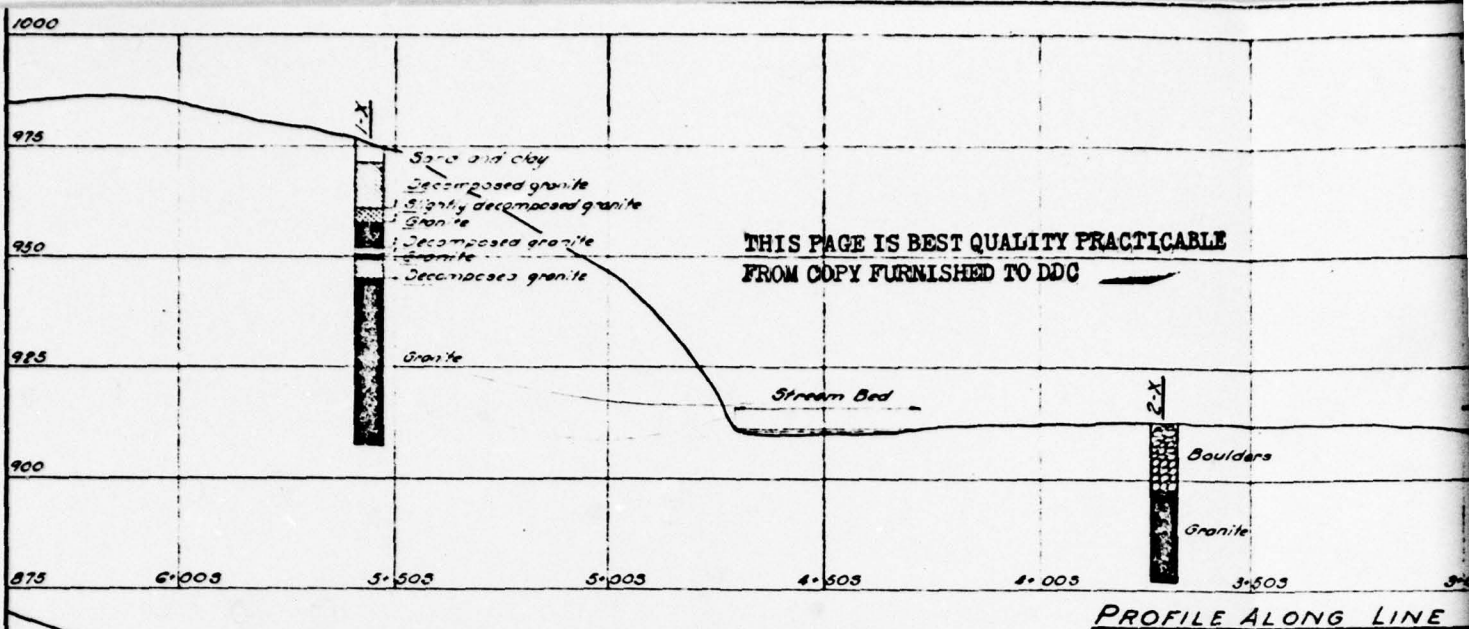
Logs of core borings shown on this sheet have been copied from the drillers reports and the logs of the grouting operations have been copied from daily reports by J. W. Carter, City Inspector. The holes were drilled with a 3 inch diameter bit; this work and the grouting having been done by the Mott Core Drilling Co., Huntington, W. Va. The cores are available for inspection.

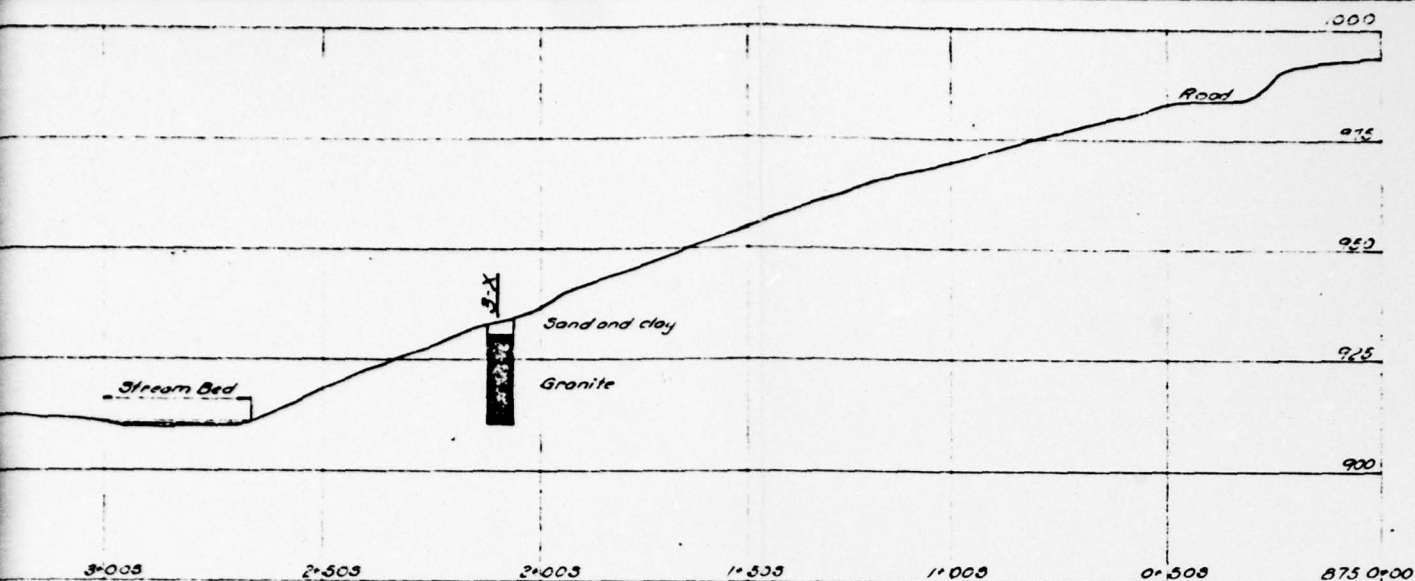
LEGEND

Boulders and sandy clay overburden
 Broken granite
 Soft, coarse-grained granite
 Hard and dense granite

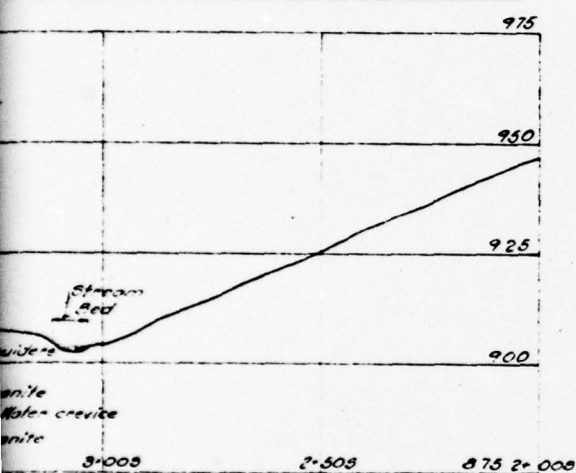
BY	DATE	CHARACTER	APPROVED

E. W. SAUNDERS CONSULTING ENGINEER	F. W. WHEELER DESIGNING ENGINEER
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA	
CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE	
ALBEMARLE COUNTY	VIRGINIA
MOORMAN'S RIVER STORAGE DAM	
LOG OF BORINGS ON DAM SITE	
DRAWN BY: J. W. CARTER	SCALES: 1 in. = 10 ft
TRACED BY: J. W. CARTER	SHEET 4
CHECKED BY: J. W. CARTER	
RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL: [Signature] CITY MANAGER	
DATE: Jan. 21, 1943 APPROVED: [Signature]	

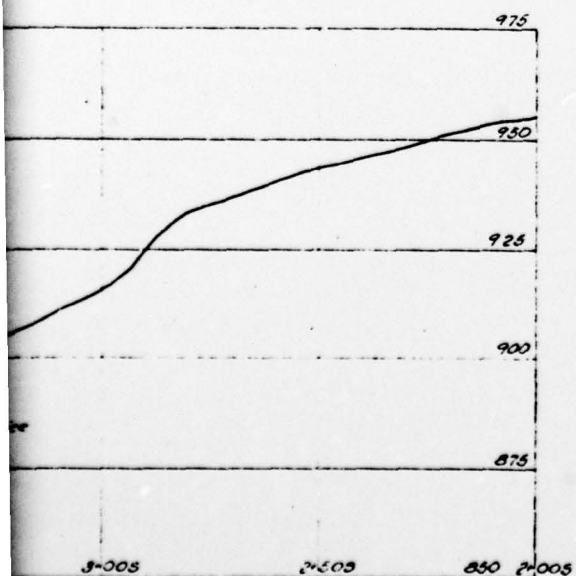




LINE OF "X" HOLES-ABOUT 1+40E



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LEGEND

- Boulders
- Decomposed granite
- Broken granite
- Slightly Decomposed granite
- Sand and clay
- Granite

Records of core borings shown on this sheet have been copied from Plate B of a report prepared by Saville and Williamson, Inc., Consulting Engineers, Richmond, Va., on the "Proposed Moorman's River Dam". This report is dated April 13, 1931. The borings were made by the Southern Drilling Co.

E. W. SAUNDERS CONSULTING ENGINEER		F. W. WHEELER DESIGNING ENGINEER	
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA			
CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE			
ALBEMARLE COUNTY		VIRGINIA	
MOORMAN'S RIVER STORAGE DAM			
GEOLOGICAL PROFILES & LOGS OF			
BORINGS DOWNSTREAM FROM DAM			
DRAWN BY: J. L. ...		SCALES: 1" = 100'	SHEET 5
TRACED BY: J. L. ...			
CHECKED BY: J. L. ...			
RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL			
BY: J. L. ...		DATE: May 1931	
DATE: May 1931		APPROVED: J. L. ...	
BY: J. L. ...		DATE: May 1931	
DATE: May 1931		APPROVED: J. L. ...	

APPENDIX VI

STABILITY ANALYSES

GRAVITY DAM DESIGN

STABILITY ANALYSIS

SUGAR HOLLOW

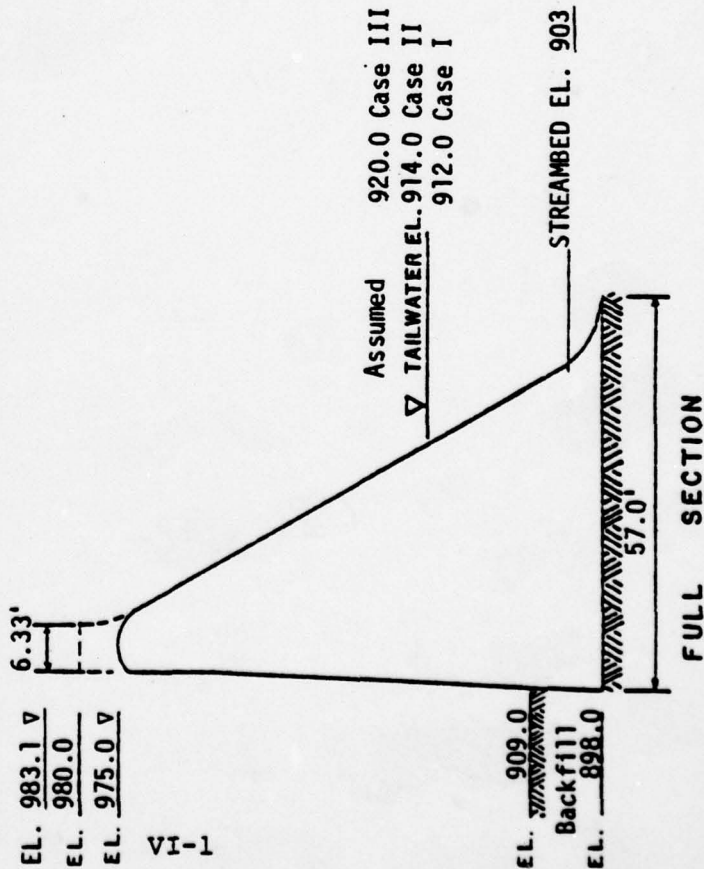
ANALYSIS DONE ON X FULL SECTION PARTIAL SECTION
LOCATION OF SECTION Station 2+17 (see Plate 4)

ANALYSIS PREPARED BY M. Mill, Michael Baker, Jr., Inc.

LOADING CASE	ELEV. HEAD WATER	ELEV. TAIL WATER	ΣV	ΣH	$\frac{\Sigma H}{\Sigma V}$	LOCATION RESULTANT FROM TOE	% BASE IN COMPRESSION	FACTOR SAFETY SLIDING	FOUNDATION PRESSURE	
									TOE	HEEL
Case I Normal Pool Ice Load	975.0	912.0	224,807#	144,586#	0.64	23.1'	100	104 ⁽¹⁾	6186 PSF	1702 PSF
Case II P.M.F.	983.1	914.0	209,129#	165,116#	0.79	19.4'	100	91 ⁽¹⁾	7168 PSF	170 PSF
Case III P.M.F.	983.1	920.0	196,754#	159,936#	0.81	19.7'	100	94 ⁽¹⁾	6649 PSF	254 PSF

EL. 983.1 ∇
EL. 980.0
EL. 975.0 ∇

VI-1



(1) Jointed Quartz Monzonite
 $\phi = 31^\circ$
 $S_o = 1825$ psi
From ETL 1110-2-184